

Exp show that Taylor series for cos x at x=0 converges to cos x for every value of x.

Maclurin

f(x)

(TF)

$$f(x) = P_{2n}(x) + R_{2n}(x)$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + R_{2n}(x)$$

$$0 \leq |R_{2n}(x)| = \left| \frac{f^{(2n+1)}(c)}{(2n+1)!} x^{2n+1} \right|$$

$f = \cos x$

$$\left| f^{(2n+1)}(c) \right| \leq 1$$

$$\leq \left| \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} \right|$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} |R_{2n}(x)| \leq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|x|^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} = 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} R_{2n}(x) = 0$$

Hence

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots$$

Exp For what values of x can we replace sin x by $x - \frac{x^3}{3!}$ with an error of magnitude no more than 3×10^{-4} ?

(TF)

$$f(x) = P_n(x) + R_n(x)$$

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$$\sin x \approx x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!}$$

Alternating Series Estimation Theorem

$$\text{Error} < \left| \frac{x^5}{5!} \right|$$

$$\text{Error} < 3 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\left| \frac{x^5}{5!} \right| < 3 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$|x| < 0.514$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(|x^5| \right)^{\frac{1}{5}} < \left(3 \times 5! \times 10^{-4} \right)^{\frac{1}{5}}$$

$$-0.514 < x < 0.514$$

$$x = 0.1 \Rightarrow \text{Estimate } \sin(0.1) \\ \sin(0.1) \approx 0.1 - \frac{(0.1)^3}{3!}$$

Exp Estimate the error if $P_3(x) = x - \frac{x^3}{6}$ is used to estimate the value of $\sin x$ at $x = 0.1$

Maclaurin $\Rightarrow c = 0$

(TF)

$$f(x) = P_3(x) + R_3(x)$$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{f^{(4)}(c)}{4!} x^4$$

$$(x-0)^4$$

$$f = \sin$$

$$f' = \cos$$

$$f'' = -\sin$$

$$f''' = -\cos$$

$$f^{(4)} = \sin$$

$$|f^{(4)}(c)| \leq 1$$

$$\text{Error} = |R_3(x)| = \left| \frac{f^{(4)}(c)}{4!} x^4 \right| \leq \frac{|x^4|}{4!} = \frac{x^4}{4!}$$

$$\text{Error} \leq \frac{x^4}{4!} = \frac{(0.1)^4}{4!} < 4.2 \times 10^{-6}$$