

Phys111 Report

Experiment #2: Conservation of Linear Momentum

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(1) Abstract:

Aim of the experiment:

Prove the law of conservation of linear momentum, by calculating the ratio of **R** between linear momentum of two balls collision in an **isolated system**.

The main result is:

$$R = 1.05 \pm 0.04$$

(2) Data:

	$m_1 = 16.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ g}$			$m_2 = 5.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ g}$		
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
$x_{1b} \text{ (cm)}$	48.4 cm	48.6 cm	48.1 cm	48.7 cm	47.4 cm	46.6 cm
$x_{1a} \text{ (cm)}$	27.4 cm	26.1 cm	25.1 cm	25.1 cm	26.2 cm	25.8 cm
$x_{2a} \text{ (cm)}$	74.2 cm	73.2 cm	71.5 cm	73.4 cm	73.9 cm	71.2 cm

(3) Calculations:

$\bar{x}_{1b} = 47.96666667 \text{ cm}$	$\sigma_s(x_{1b}) = 0.81649658 \text{ cm}$	$\Delta\bar{x}_{1b} = 0.333333333 \text{ cm}$
$\bar{x}_{1a} = 25.95 \text{ cm}$	$\sigma_s(x_{1a}) = 0.85498538 \text{ cm}$	$\Delta\bar{x}_{1a} = 0.349046319 \text{ cm}$
$\bar{x}_{2a} = 72.9 \text{ cm}$	$\sigma_s(x_{2a}) = 1.255388386 \text{ cm}$	$\Delta\bar{x}_{2a} = 0.512510162 \text{ cm}$

(4)

$A = m_1x_{1a} + m_2x_{2a} = (16.5 \times 25.95) + (5.5 \times 72.9) = 829.125 \text{ g.cm}$
$\Delta A = m_1\Delta x_{1a} + \Delta m_1x_{1a} + m_2\Delta x_{2a} + \Delta m_2x_{2a} = (16.5 \times 0.349046319) + (0.1 \times 25.95) + (5.5 \times 0.512510162) + (0.1 \times 72.9) =$ $\rightarrow (5.759265452) + (2.595) + (2.818805891) + (7.29) = 18.46307134 \text{ g.cm}$
$B = m_1x_{1b} = 16.5 \times 47.96666667 = 791.4500001 \text{ g.cm}$
$\Delta B = m_1\Delta x_{1b} + \Delta m_1x_{1b} = (16.5 \times 0.333333333) + (0.1 \times 47.96666667) =$ $\rightarrow (5.499999995) + (4.796666667) = 10.29666666 \text{ g.cm}$
$R = \frac{A}{B} = 829.125 \div 791.4500001 = 1.047602502 \rightarrow 1.05$
$\frac{\Delta R}{R} = \frac{\Delta A}{A} + \frac{\Delta B}{B} = (18.463071 \div 829.125) + (10.29666666 \div 791.4500001) = 0.035278015$
$\Delta R = 0.035278015 \times 1.047602502 = 0.036957337 \rightarrow 0.04$

(5) Results:

$$R = 1.05 \pm 0.04$$

(6) Conclusions:

$$R \pm \Delta R = 1.05 \pm 0.04$$

Discrepancy Test = $|\text{true value} - \text{exp. Value}| \leq 2 * \text{error}$
 $= |1 - 1.05| \leq 2 * 0.04 \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow 0.05 \leq 0.08.$

The result is accepted. (the true value = 1, Because its isolated system "That's mean : $\{\Delta P = 0\} \rightarrow P_{\text{Before}} = P_{\text{After}} \rightarrow \text{The ratio } (R) = \frac{P.A}{P.B} = 1"$).

After I did the calculations, I make the discrepancy test To check if the result is accepted or not.

First of all, I think that my experimental value isn't agree exactly with the true value because it will be many errors such as random errors. Now if the lower end of the track is not horizontal, it will be affect in the result because it can make the balls moves differently, while the iron ball (the heavier) might go back, and the glass ball (the lighter) may go a bit higher before it landing, This can lead to different and inaccurate measurements.

In the experiment, there aren't systematic errors, Because the experiment is acceptable.

Also it may be error when I do the readings values because I do the experiment reading on the zoom meeting not in the laboratory.