

A communication system for binary-coded decimal (BCD) codes uses even parity for error detection. Assume the sender wants to send the two numbers; 9 and 7. Then, the sender transmits:

(Note: In this communication system, the parity bit is padded/added for every transmitted BCD digit)

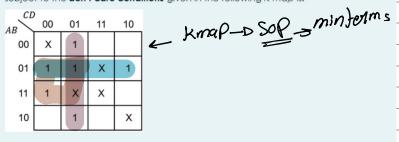
a. 0 1001 0111

b. 01001 10111

c. 1 1001 0111

	even partity
9 -> 1001	0/001
70111	10111
	1

The <u>minimum</u> product-of-sums (POS) expression for the Boolean function G(A, B, C, D) subject to the *don't care conditions* given in the following *K-map* is:



G(A,B,c,D) = BC+C'D+A'B G(A,B,C,D) = (B+c) . (C+D). (A+B')

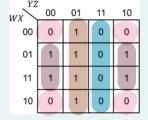
a. None x

d. 11001 00111e. 1001 0111

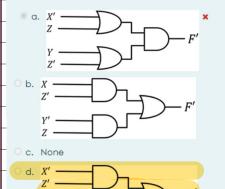
 \bigcirc b. $G(A, B, C, D) = (B + D) \cdot (A' + C') \cdot (C' + D')$

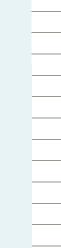
- \bigcirc d. $G(A, B, C, D) = (B + D) \cdot (A' + C') \cdot (B + C') \cdot (C' + D')$
- e. $G(A, B, C, D) = (B' + D') \cdot (A + C) \cdot (B' + C)$

Consider the following K-map of the Boolean function F(W, X, Y, Z):

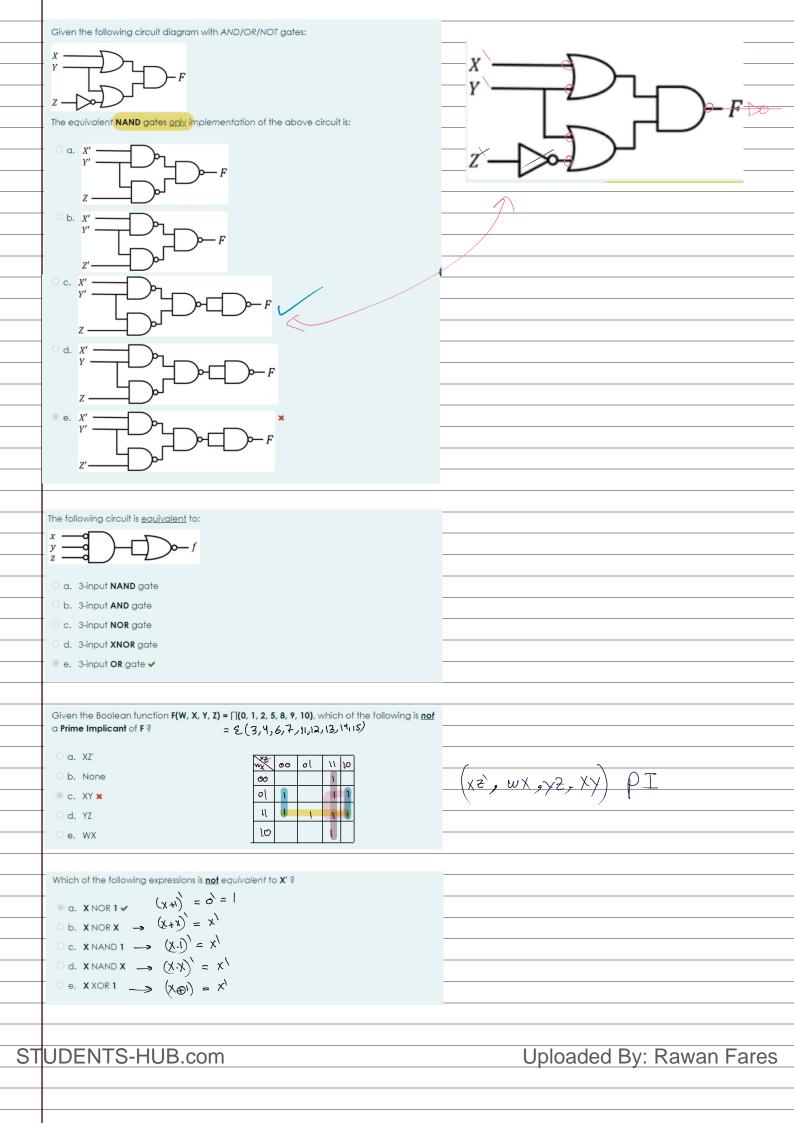


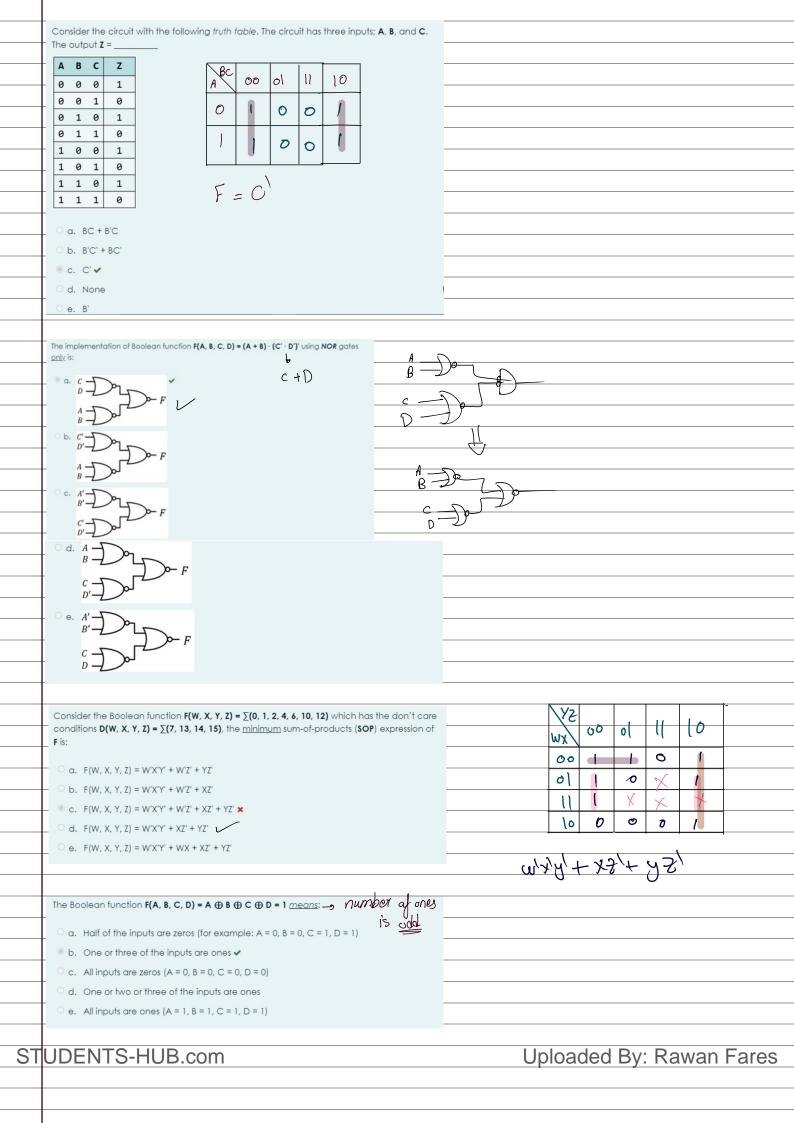
The gate-level implementation for the $\frac{\text{simplified } complement}{\text{complement}}$ of \mathbf{F} expressed as sum-of-products (SOP) is:





F=YZ+XZ





Given the following K-map of the Boolean function F(W, X, Y, Z):	
WX 00 01 11 10	
$WX \longrightarrow 00 \longrightarrow 11 \longrightarrow 10 \longrightarrow 12$	
01 1 X X 1	
11 0 X X 0 9 X V	
10 1 0 0	
Which of the following is an Essential Prime Implicant of F ? (Select all that apply)	
□ a. W'Y'	
□ b. X'Y' ✔	
☑ c. W'Z' ✔	
□ d. Y'Z	
□ e. W'X	
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