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Birzeit University
Faculty of Engineering and Technology
Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering
Circuit Analysis – ENEE 2304
Quiz #1

$(\frac{27}{8}) (5 \times 10^{-3})$
 $(9) (\frac{15}{8}) (9 \times 10^{-3})$

26 November 2022

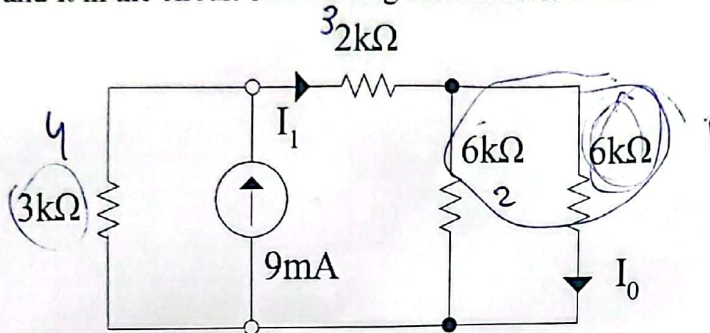
Dr. Jaser Sa'ed

Time: 10 min

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ID Number: 1210145

Find the currents I_1 and I_0 in the circuit below using current divider rule.



$$\left(\frac{IR}{R_1 R_2} \right) (9 \times 10^{-3}) = \frac{I_1}{R_1}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} I_s$$

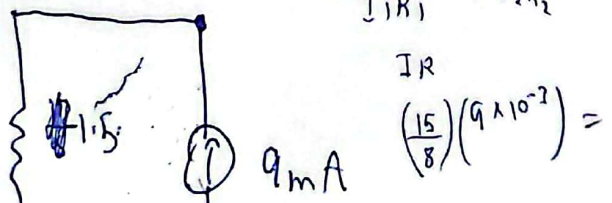
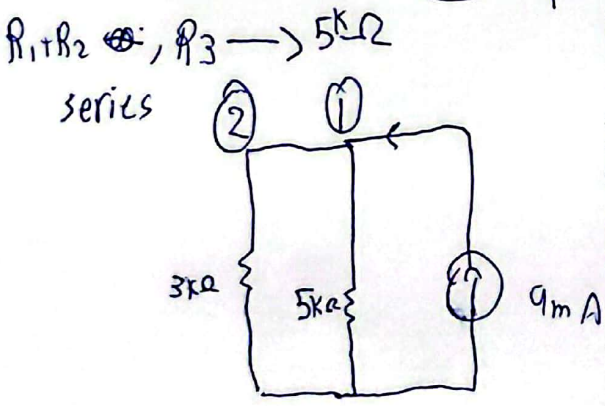
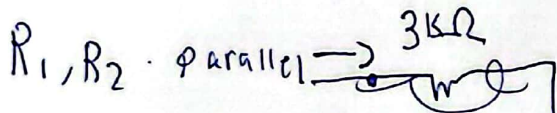
current divider

$$I_1 R_1 = I_2 R_2$$

$$I_1 = \left(\frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \right) I_s$$

$$\frac{6 \times 6}{6 + 6} = 3 \Omega$$

$$= 2 \Omega$$



current entering 3 and 5 = 9mA

$$I_1 = \left(\frac{3 \times 10^3}{8 \times 10^3} \right) (9 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$= \frac{3}{8} \times 9 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{27}{8} \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$

I_1 is the current being divided
to I_0

$$I_0 = \left(\frac{6 \times 10^3}{12 \times 10^3} \right) \left(\frac{27 \times 10^{-3}}{8} \right)$$
$$= (0.5) \left(\frac{27}{8} \text{ mA} \right)$$

$$I_0 = \frac{27}{16} \text{ mA}$$

