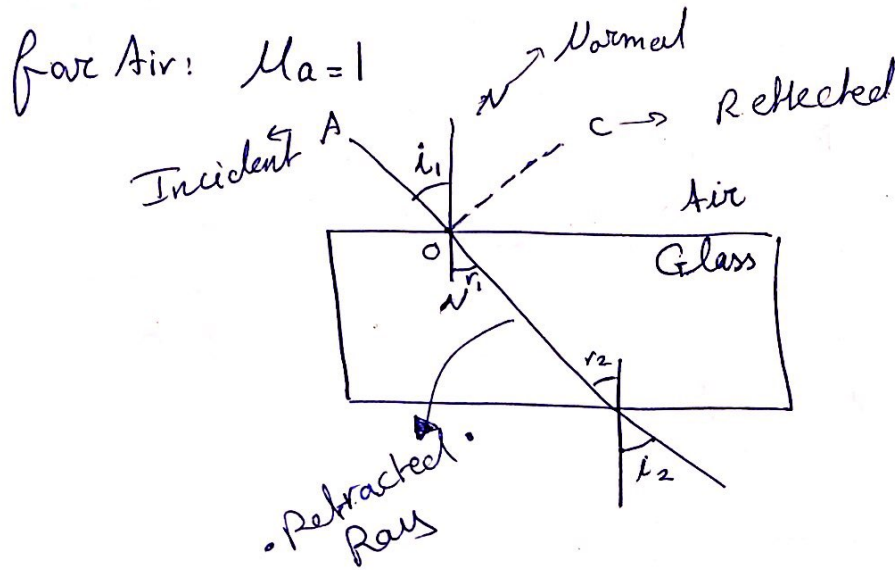


# Exp 6 - Index of Refraction

$$n = \frac{c}{v} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{speed of light in vacuum} \\ \text{speed of light in medium} \end{matrix}$$

• The light bends when moving from a medium to another



$i$  : angle of incidence  
 $r$  : angle of Refraction

Snell's law:  $\mu_a \sin(i) = \mu_g \sin(r)$

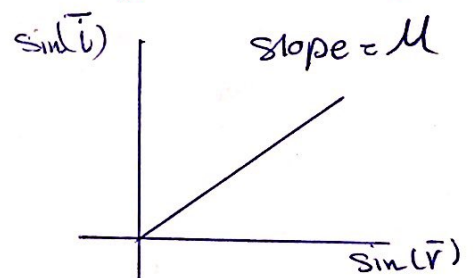
Angle of incidence  $\leftarrow$  angle of Refraction

$$\mu_a = 1$$

$$\sin(i) = \mu_g \sin(r)$$

•  $\mu_g$  is the slope

$$\mu_g = \frac{\sin(i)}{\sin(r)}$$



$$\frac{\Delta \mu_g}{\mu_g} = \frac{\Delta \sin(i)}{\sin i} + \Delta \frac{\sin r}{\sin r}$$

$$\frac{\Delta \mu_g}{\mu_g} = \frac{\cos i}{\sin i} \Delta i + \frac{\cos r}{\sin r} \Delta r$$

$\Delta i$  and  $\Delta r$  in radians  
By estimation

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