### Chapter 7.1, Problem 17E

#### **Problem**

Use the definition of logarithm to fill in the blanks below.

a.  $\log 2 8 = 3$  because \_\_\_\_\_.

b.  $\log_5\left(\frac{1}{25}\right) = -2$  because \_\_\_\_\_.

c.  $\log 4 4 = 1$  because \_\_\_\_\_.

d.  $\log 3(3n) = n$  because \_\_\_\_\_.

e.  $\log 4 1 = 0$  because \_\_\_\_\_.

# Step-by-step solution

### **Step 1** of 5

(a)  $\log_2 8 = \log_2 2^3$ =  $3\log_2 2$ = 3(1)= 3 Since  $\log_a m^n = n\log_a m$ ,  $\log_a a = 1$ 

#### **Step 2** of 5

(b) 
$$\log_5 \left(\frac{1}{25}\right) = \log_5 (25)^{-1}$$
  
=  $\log_5 5^{-2}$   
=  $-2\log_5 5$   
=  $-2(1)$   
=  $-2$ 

#### **Step 3** of 5

(c)  $\log_4 4 = 1$  because  $4^1 = 4$ 

## **Step 4** of 5

(d)  $\log_3 3^n = n$  because  $\log_a m^n = n \log_a m$  and  $\log_a a = 1$ 

(e)  $\log_4 1 = 0$  because  $4^0 = 1$