1- whoch: تستخدم لطباعة المسار لاي كوماند موجود في السستم aned@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/aned\$ ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed\$ which Is /usr/bin/Is ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed\$

يستخدم لترتيب محتوى الملف: 2- sort

- Ascci ch : sort file_name

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ sort test.txt

1

12

12

13

140

20

ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

- number : sort -n file_name

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ sort -n test.txt

1

12

12

13

20

140

ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

• النتيحة تكون على التيرمنال وليس على الفايل

q) how to write the output of the sort command on the origin file?

3- uniq: بتحذف الاشياء المتكررة

• يجب ان تكون الاشياء المتكرر متتالية

• النتيحة تكون على التيرمنال وليس على الفايل

تستخدم لترتيب وحذف الاشياء المتكررة: Sort -u

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ sort -n -u test.txt

1
10
12
14
120
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

4- grep: يستخدم للبحث عن محتوى او نمط معين داخل الملف او ملفات

- النتيحة تكون على التيرمنال وليس على الفايل
- من الافضل كتابة النمط المبحوث عنه بين double qoutation "" و رح نعرف ليش بتجربة 4

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ grep 12 test.txt
120
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ grep 12 *
grep: my_folder: Is a directory
test.txt:12
test.txt:120
test.txt:12
test3.txt:12
test3.txt:12
test3.txt:120
testsort.txt:12
testsort.txt:12
testsort.txt:120
testsortuniq.txt:12
testsortuniq.txt:120
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ grep 12 *.txt
test.txt:12
test.txt:120
test.txt:12
test3.txt:12
test3.txt:12
test3.txt:120
testsort.txt:12
testsort.txt:12
testsort.txt:120
testsortuniq.txt:12
testsortunig.txt:120
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

- بتستخرج المحتوى الذي تبحث عنه مع رقم السطر الموجود فيه :grep -n
- (text files) يعني كل الملفات النصية :txt.*

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ grep -n "12" test.txt
2:12
3:120
5:12
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

تستخرج كل محتوى الملف ما عدا المحتوى المبحوث عنه: • grep -v

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ grep -v "12" test.txt
1
14
10
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

• grep -o: كل نمط بتلاقيه بتطبعه على سطر منعزل

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ grep "12" test.txt
L2345678912
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ grep -o "12" test.txt
L2
L2
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

تستخدم لعرض العمليات او البروسيسيز في النظام: ps: 5- ps

 Processes (البروسيسز): is a program that is being executed, even the commands are processes.

• كل كوماند بتنفذه هو عبارة عن بروسيس

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ ps
                   TIME CMD
  PID TTY
               00:00:00 bash
  15 tty1
  188 tty1
               00:00:00 ps
 hed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ ps -a
 PID TTY
                   TIME CMD
  15 tty1
               00:00:00 bash
  189 tty1
               00:00:00 ps
 hed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ ps -aux
USER
           PID %CPU %MEM
                           VSZ
                                  RSS TTY
                                               STAT START
                                                            TIME COMMAND
            1 0.0 0.0
                                  428 ?
                                                            0:00 /init
root
                           8972
                                               Ssl 11:10
            14 0.0
                           9328
                                  252 tty1
                                                    11:10
                                                            0:00 /init
root
                    0.0
                                               Ss
           15
                         14348
                                               S
                                                    11:10
                                                            0:00 -bash
ahed
               0.0
                    0.0
                                4148 tty1
           190 0.0 0.0 15880 2152 tty1
                                               R
                                                    12:01
                                                            0:00 ps -aux
ahed
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ ps -ef
UID
           PID
               PPID C STIME TTY
                                           TIME CMD
            1
                   0 0 11:10 ?
                                       00:00:00 /init
root
            14
                     0 11:10 tty1
                                       00:00:00 /init
root
                  1
ahed
           15
                  14 0 11:10 tty1
                                       00:00:00 -bash
ahed
           191
                  15 0 12:01 tty1
                                       00:00:00 ps -ef
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

يرسل اشارة او سجنال لاي بروسيس موجود في النظام :6- kill

```
### Proof of the Control of the Con
```

```
ned@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~$ pkill -f -9 python3
ned@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~$ ps -ef
ΙD
         PID
             PPID C STIME TTY
                                         TIME CMD
oot
          1
                 0 0 11:10 ?
                                     00:00:00 /init
          14
                 1 0 11:10 tty1
                                    00:00:00 /init
oot
         15
                14 0 11:10 tty1
ned
                                    00:00:00 -bash
oot
         199
                1 0 12:07 tty2
                                    00:00:00 /init
         200
               199 0 12:07 tty2
ned
                                    00:00:00 -bash
         230
               200 0 12:13 tty2
ned
                                    00:00:00 ps -ef
ned@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~$
```

• بعض السجنال لهم اختصارات على الكيبورد مثلا ctrl+c تستخدم لايقاف بروسيس يعني بتبعت SIGKILL ، بتقدر تستخدمها بالتيرمنال اذا علقت مثلا بسبب كتابة كوماند ليس بشكل كامل زي مثلا grep

تستخدم لعد الاسطر والكلمات والحروف: 7- wc

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cat test3.txt

10
12
12
14
120
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ wc test3.txt
6 6 18 test3.txt
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ wc -l test3.txt
6 test3.txt
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ wc -w test3.txt
6 test3.txt
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ wc -w test3.txt
18 test3.txt
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

تستخدم للدمج اكثر من كوماند في سطر واحد: (|) 8- pip-8

Without pip

```
hed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ ls -l > ls_out.txt
hed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ grep "maim.py" ls_out.txt
rw-r--r-- 1 ahed ahed 27 Jul 20 12:11 maim.py
hed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

With pip

```
hed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ ls -l | grep "maim.py"
rw-r--r-- 1 ahed ahed 27 Jul 20 12:11 maim.py
hed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

Q or small Task)

- Write a command line that counts the number of specific pattern occurrences in specific sequence or content.
- Write a command line that counts the number of files and directories in the current working directory.
- Write a command line that counts the number of not repeated lines in a specific file.

9- cut : معينة بناء على الرقم او الاندكس (يبدأ ب 1 معينة او اعمدة تستخدم لتقطيع احرف (وليس 0)

- احرف chars
- اعمدة fields

char

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cat names.txt
ahed 5
ahad 6
amal 7
fadi 8
sari 10
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cut -c1-4 names.txt
ahad
amal
fadi
sari
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cut -c1 names.txt
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cut -c1,3 names.txt
aa
aa
fd
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

Field

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cut -c1-8 names.txt
ahed 5
ahad 6
amal 7
fadi 8
sari 10
mohammed
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cut -d' ' -f1 names.txt
ahed
ahad
amal
fadi
sari
mohammed
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

- -d تعبر عن الفاصل بين الاعمدة -d فهو يعتبر الفاصل بين الاعمدة عبارة عن tab
 اذا ما استخدمنا -d فهو يعتبر الفاصل بين الاعمدة عبارة عن d
- Q) write a command line that print the number of lines in specific file using wc command (don't use wc -I)

يستخدم لدمج محتوى الملفات في او تبوت و احد او في فايل او ملف و احد : 8- past

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cat name.txt
ahmad
amal
amany
sari
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cat idnum.txt

1
2
3
4
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ paste name.txt idnum.txt
ahmad 1
amal 2
amany 3
sari 4
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

- الفاصل بين محتوى الملفين هو عبارة عن tab
- لتغير الفاصل بين محتوى الملفات نستخدم -d كما في الصورة الاتية

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ paste -d',' name.txt idnum.txt
ahmad,1
amal,2
amany,3
sari,4
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

• ممكن نستخدم لدمج محتوى نفس الملف

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ cat name.txt
ahmad
amal
amany
sari
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ paste -s name.txt
ahmad amal amany sari
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ paste -s -d',' name.txt
ahmad,amal,amany,sari
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

يستخدم للبحث عن ملفات: 9- find

• للبحث من المكان او المجلد الحالى وما يحتويه نستخدم (.)

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ tree
  idnum.txt
  - ls_out.txt
  - lsout
  - lsout.txt
  - maim.py
   └─ name.txt
  - name.txt
  - names.txt
  test.txt
  test3.txt

    testsort.txt

 — testsortuniq.txt
l directory, 12 files
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ find -name "name.txt"
./my_folder/name.txt
./name.txt
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ find . -name "name.txt"
./my_folder/name.txt
./name.txt
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

للبحث من الرووت نستخدم (/)

```
-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ find / -name "name.txt
ind: '/etc/polkit-1/localauthority': Permission denied
ind: '/etc/ssl/private': Permission denied ind: '/etc/sssd': Permission denied
home/ahed/ahed/my_folder/name.txt
home/ahed/ahed/name.txt
ind: '/mnt/c/$Recycle.Bin/S-1-5-18': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/$Recycle.Bin/S-1-5-21-141321038-2014729738-1193693878-1000': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/found.000': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Microsoft SQL Server/MSRS12.MSSQLSERVER/Reporting Services': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Microsoft SQL Server/MSSQL12.MSSQLSERVER/MSSQL/Backup': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Microsoft SQL Server/MSSQL12.MSSQLSERVER/MSSQL/Binn/Xtp': Permission denied ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Microsoft SQL Server/MSSQL12.MSSQLSERVER/MSSQL/DATA': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Microsoft SQL Server/MSSQL12.MSSQLSERVER/MSSQL/FTData': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Microsoft SQL Server/MSSQL12.MSSQLSERVER/MSSQL/JOBS': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Microsoft SQL Server/MSSQL12.MSSQLSERVER/MSSQL/Log': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Microsoft SQL Server/MSSQL12.MSSQLSERVER/MSSQL/repldata': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/National Instruments/Shared/Web Server/certs/keys': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/Windows Defender Advanced Threat Protection/Classification/Configuration': Permissio
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files/WindowsApps': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files (x86)/Google/CrashReports': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/Program Files (x86)/Microsoft/EdgeUpdate/Install/{90BEEA12-4786-4102-B8E0-98807DF1C163}/EDGEMITMP_
 : Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/ProgramData/HP/HP Touchpoint Analytics Client': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/ProgramData/Microsoft/Crypto/PCPKSP/WindowsAIK': Permission denied ind: '/mnt/c/ProgramData/Microsoft/Crypto/RSA/S-1-5-18': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/ProgramData/Microsoft/Crypto/SystemKeys': Permission denied
ind: '/mnt/c/ProgramData/Microsoft/Diagnosis': Permission denied
```

يستخدم لتبديل حرف ب حرف اخر او حذف حرف معين: 10 - tr

تبديل الاحرف

```
The UNIX operating system was pioneered by Ken Thompson and Dennis Ritchie at Bell Laboratories in the late 1960s. One of the primary goals in the design of the UNIX system was to create an environment that promoted efficient program development.

ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ tr 'e' 'x' < trt.txt

Thx UNIX operating system was pioneered by Ken Thompson and Dennis Ritchie at Bell Laboratories in the late 1960s. One of the primary goals in the design of the UNIX system was to create an environment that promoted efficient program development.

ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ echo "ahed mafarjeh" | tr ' ' '+' ahed+mafarjeh
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

n = 12

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ echo "ahed mafarjeh" | tr ' ' '\n'
ahed
nafarjeh
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ echo "ahed mafarjeh" | tr ' ' '\12'
ahed
nafarjeh
hed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ echo "ahed mafarjeh" | tr -d ' ' ahedmafarjeh
ahedmafarjeh
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

لتديل مجموعة من الاحرف المتتالية بحرف اخر

```
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$ echo "ahed<mark>bbbb</mark>bmafarjeh" | tr -s 'b' ' '
ahed mafarjeh
ahed@DESKTOP-OK5G6FV:~/ahed$
```

• كل الكوماندز الي اخذناها في هذا الملف لا ينعكس تأثيرها على الفايل نفسه وانما تطبع الاوتبوت على التيرمنال

Task: write command line that print the owner name, month, day and the name of files and directories in the file that attached in exp#2 folder (task1.txt).