



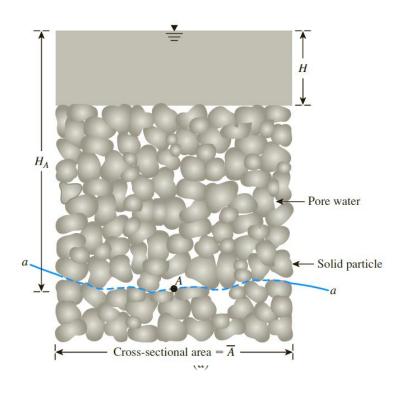


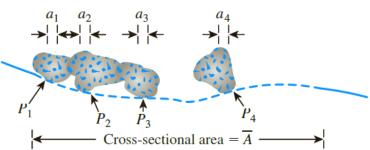


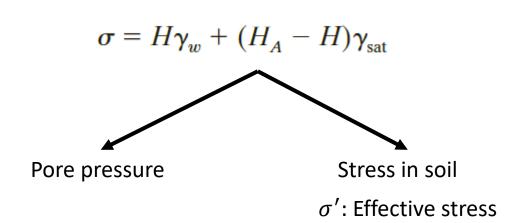
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ENCE 331: Stresses in Soil

#### Stresses in static conditions (No seepage)

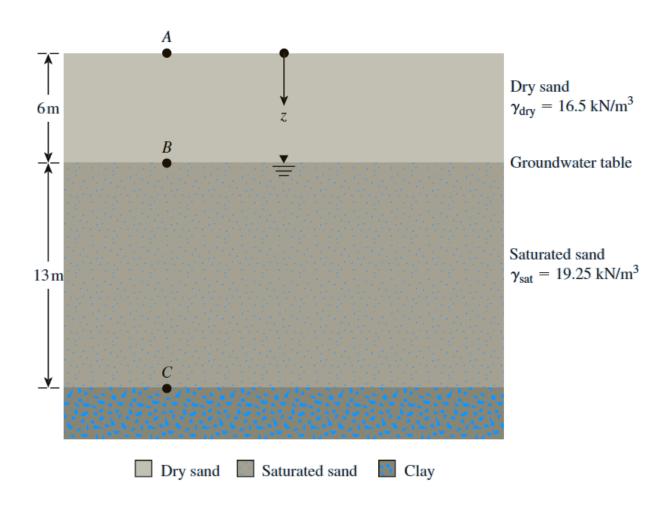


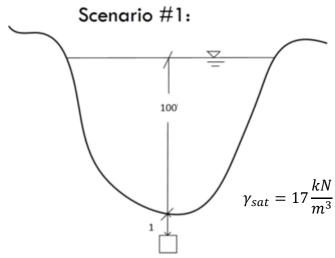


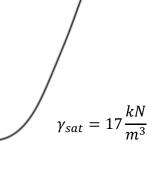


$$\sigma = u + \sigma'$$

$$u = H_A * \gamma_w \qquad \sigma' = (H_A - H) * \gamma' \qquad \gamma' = \gamma_{sat} - \gamma_w$$
$$\gamma_{sat} = \frac{(G_s + e)}{1 + e} \gamma_w$$
$$\gamma' = \frac{(G_s - 1)}{1 + e} \gamma_w$$



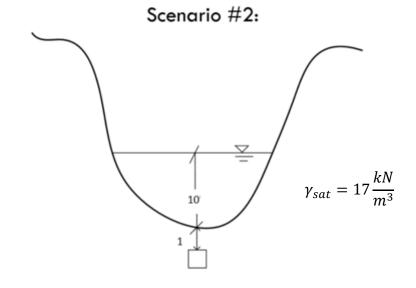




 $\sigma =$ 

u =

 $\sigma' =$ 

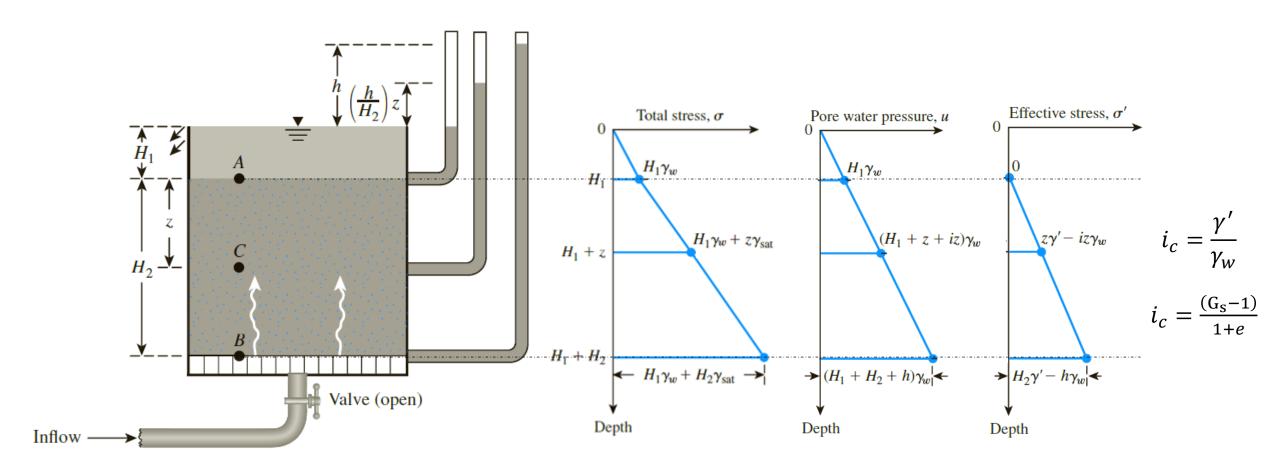


 $\sigma =$ 

u =

 $\sigma' =$ 

#### Stresses with upward seepage



#### Zero effective stress conditions

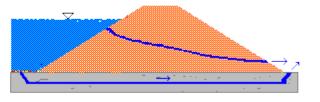
 Boiling: Hydraulic gradient is very high; water appears to be boiling up from the sand

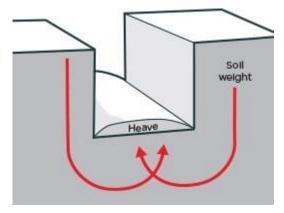
 Piping: or internal erosion, high hydraulic gradient causes erosion channels to form.

Heaving: at the base of slope, soil heaves up.

• Liquefaction: .... ??







A cut is made in a stiff, saturated clay that is underlain by a layer of sand. What should be the height of the water, h, in the cut so that the stability of the saturated clay is not lost?

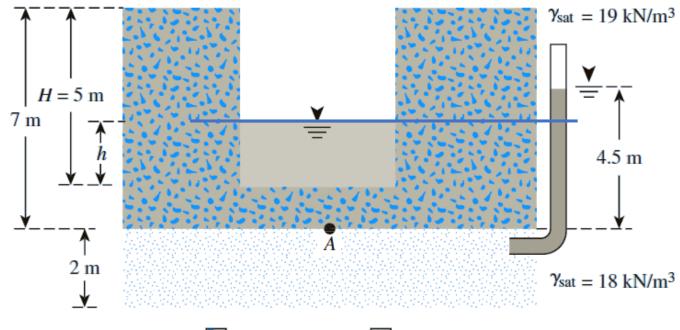
$$\sigma = h * \gamma_w + 2 * \gamma_{clay} = 9.81h + 2 * 19 = 9.81h + 38$$

$$u = 4.5 * \gamma_w = 4.5 * 9.81 = 44.14 \text{ kPa}$$

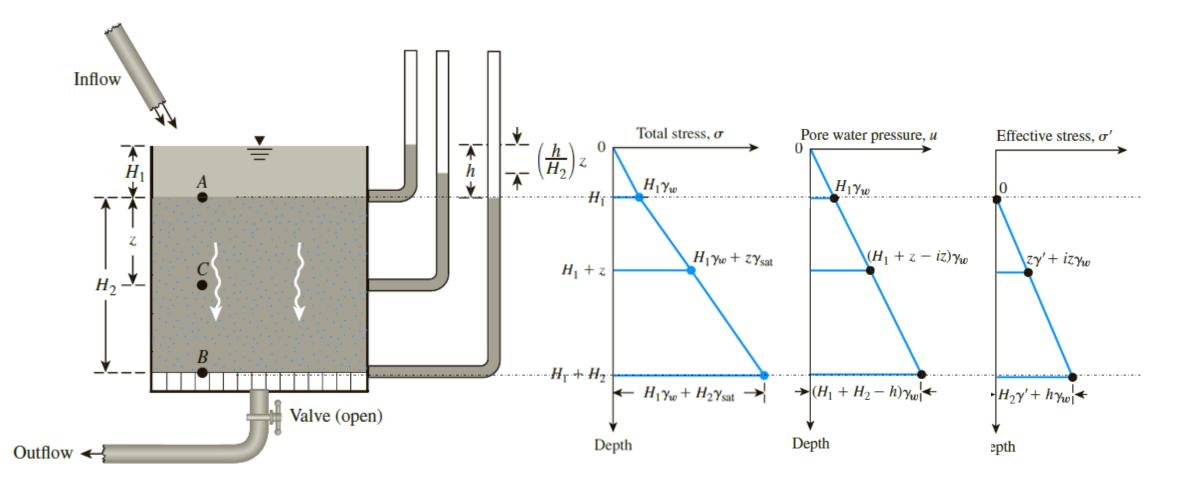
$$\sigma' = \sigma - u = 9.81h + 38 - 44.14$$

$$\sigma' = 9.81h - 6.14 = 0$$

$$h > 0.625 \text{ m}$$



### Stresses with downward seepage



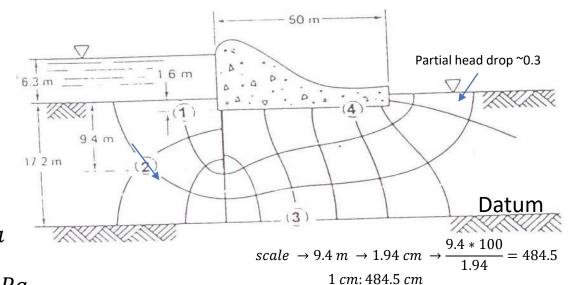
A section through a dam is shown across. Determine:

• The effective stress at point 2 if the saturated unit weight for the soil is 18 kN/m<sup>3</sup>.

$$\sigma = 9.4 * \gamma_{sat} + 6.3 \gamma_w = 231 \, kPa$$

 $u \rightarrow$ 

total head  $\rightarrow N_d = 9.3 \rightarrow \Delta h = \frac{H}{N_d} = \frac{6.3}{9.3} = 0.67 \frac{m}{drop}$ total head at point  $2 \rightarrow 17.2 + 6.3 - 1 * 0.67 = 22.83m$ elevation head + u = 17.2 - 9.4 + u = 22.83m $\rightarrow Pressure\ head = 15.03m \rightarrow u_{@2} = 15.03 * 9.81 = 147.4\ kPa$ 

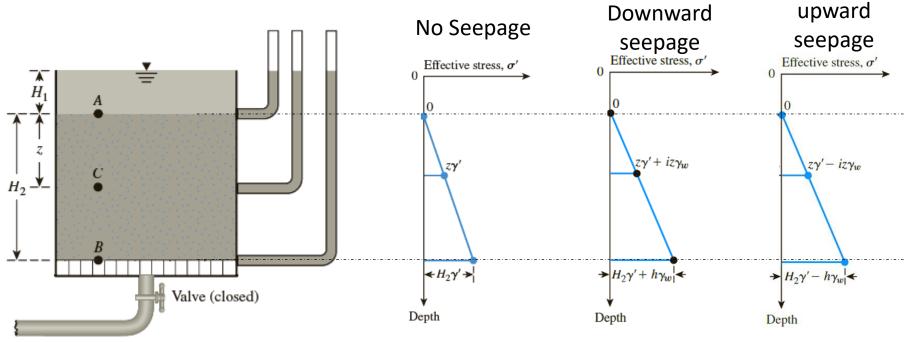


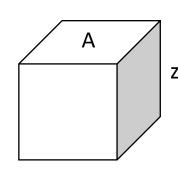
$$\sigma' = \sigma - u = 231 - 147.4 = 83.6 \text{ kPa}$$

$$FS_{boiling} = \frac{i_c}{i} = \frac{\frac{\gamma'}{\gamma_w}}{\frac{\Delta h}{l}} = \frac{\frac{18 - 9.81}{9.81}}{\frac{0.67}{9.4}} = \frac{0.834}{0.07} = 11.71$$

$$\sigma' = z\gamma' + iz\gamma_w = 9.4 * (18 - 9.81) + 0.07 * 9.4 * 9.81 = 83.5 kPa$$

### Seepage force





$$\sigma_{S} = iz\gamma_{W}$$

Seepage force per unit volume

$$f_S = \frac{\sigma_S * A}{V} = \frac{iz\gamma_W * A}{Az}$$

Direction ??

$$f_s = i\gamma_w$$

### Seepage force

#### Critical section in Sheet piles

$$FS = \frac{W'}{U}$$

where FS = factor of safety

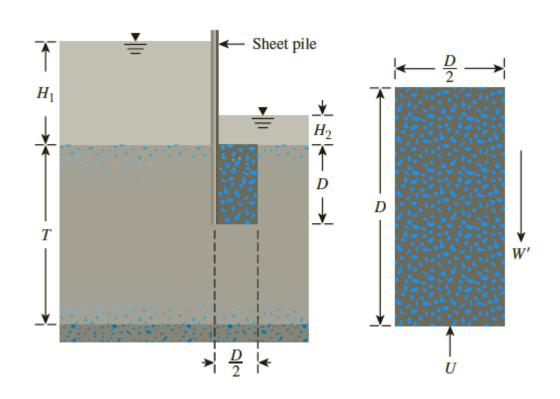
W' = submerged weight of soil in the heave zone per unit length of sheet pile =  $D(D/2)(\gamma_{\rm sat} - \gamma_w) = (\frac{1}{2})D^2\gamma'$ 

U= uplifting force caused by seepage on the same volume of soil

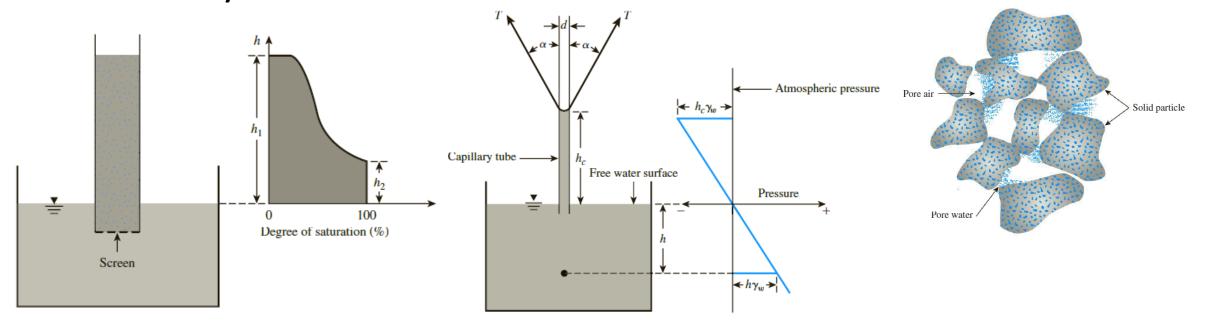
From Eq. (9.13),

$$U = (\text{Soil volume}) \times (i_{\text{av}} \gamma_w) = \frac{1}{2} D^2 i_{\text{av}} \gamma_w$$

$$FS = \frac{\gamma'}{i_{av}\gamma_w}$$



### Partially saturated soils



$$h_1 \text{ (mm)} = \frac{C}{eD_{10}} \qquad u = -\left(\frac{S}{100}\right) \gamma_w h$$

Table 9.2 Approximate Range of Capillary Rise in Soils

Soil type	Range of capillary rise	
	m	ft
Coarse sand	0.1-0.2	0.3-0.6
Fine sand	0.3-1.2	1–4
Silt	0.75-7.5	2.5-25
Clay	7.5–23	25-75

### Partially saturated soil

Draw the distribution of the total stress, pore water pressure, and effective stress,  $H_1=2m$ ,  $H_2=1$  m, and  $H_3=2$  m.

```
At point A:

\sigma = 0, u = 0, \sigma' = 0

At point B + (just\ above): dry

\sigma = H_1 \gamma_{d(sand)} = 2 * 17.33 = 34.66\ kPa

u = 0,

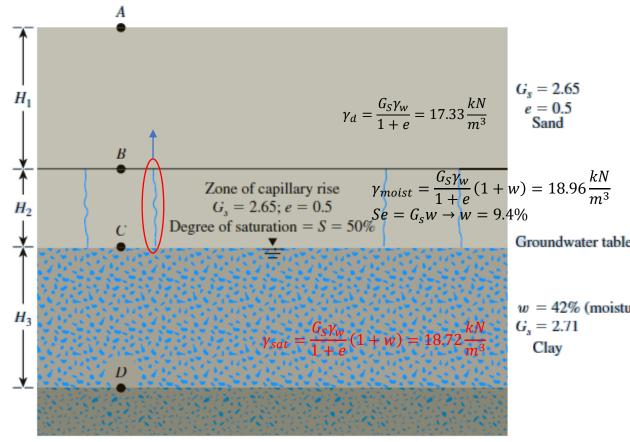
\sigma' = 34.66\ kPa

At point B - (just\ below): partially saturated

\sigma = 34.66\ kPa

u = -S * \gamma_w * H_2 = -4.9\ kPa

\sigma' = \sigma - u = 39.57\ kPa
```



### Partially saturated soil

Draw the distribution of the total stress, pore water pressure, and effective stress,

 $H_1=2m$ ,  $H_2=1$  m, and  $H_3=2$  m.

#### At point C:

$$\sigma = H_1 \gamma_{d(sand)} + H_2 \gamma_{moist} = 2 * 17.33 + 1 * 18.96 = 53.62 \text{ kPa}$$
 $u = 0$ ,
 $\sigma' = 53.62 \text{ kPa}$ 

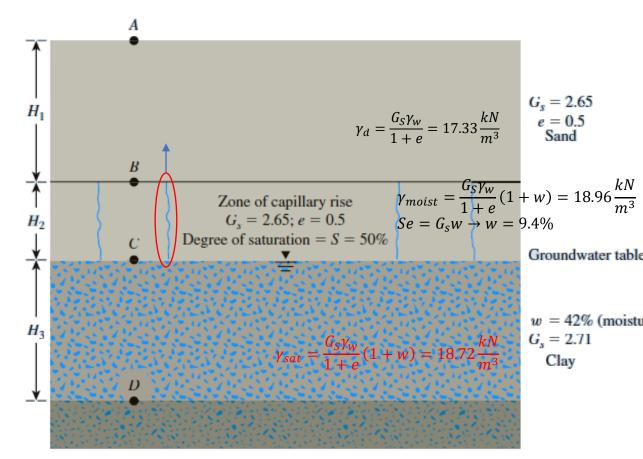
#### *At point D*:

$$\sigma = H_1 \gamma_{d(sand)} + H_2 \gamma_{moist} + H_3 \gamma_{sat(clay)}$$

$$= 2 * 17.33 + 1 * 18.96 + 2 * 18.72 = 91.06 \text{ kPa}$$

$$u = H_3 * \gamma_w = 2 * 9.81 = 19.62 \text{ ,}$$

$$\sigma' = 71.44 \text{ kPa}$$



### Partially saturated soil

Draw the distribution of the total stress, pore water pressure, and effective stress,  $H_1=2m$ ,  $H_2=1$  m, and  $H_3=2$  m.

