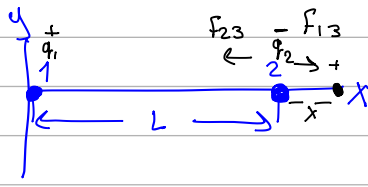


Q5



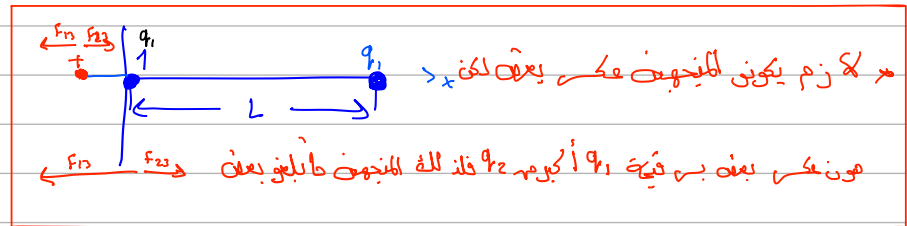
$$q_1 = +6 \mu\text{C} = +6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$$

$$q_2 = -2 \mu\text{C} = -2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$$

$$L + x = 10 \text{ cm} = 0.1 \text{ m}$$

$$k = 8.99 \times 10^9 \approx 9 \times 10^9$$

$$\epsilon = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$$



$$F_{13} = F_{23} \Rightarrow \frac{k q_1 q_3}{(L+x)^2} = \frac{k q_2 q_3}{x^2} \Rightarrow q_1 x^2 = (L+x)^2 q_2 \Rightarrow \frac{q_1}{q_2} = \frac{(L+x)^2}{x^2}$$

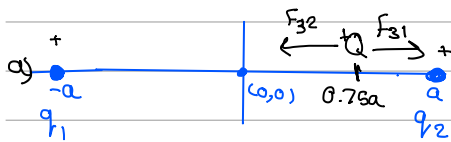
$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{L+x}{x}\right)^2 = \frac{q_1}{q_2} \Rightarrow \frac{L+x}{x} = \sqrt{\frac{q_1}{q_2}} \Rightarrow \frac{0.1+x}{x} = \sqrt{\frac{6 \times 10^{-6}}{2 \times 10^{-6}}} \Rightarrow \frac{0.1+x}{x} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{3} x = 0.1 + x \Rightarrow 0.732050807 x = 0.1 \Rightarrow x \approx 0.1366 \text{ m}$$

a) 23.69 cm x+

b) 0

Q6



القوة المحصلة على الشحنة الثالثة (Q) = 0

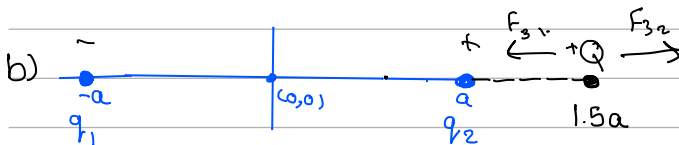
$$\frac{q_1}{q_2} = \frac{Q}{Q} \Rightarrow \text{عندما } a) x = 0.75a$$

$$b) x = 1.5a$$

كل واحد من ان q1 و q2 موجبا و Q موجبا والواحد

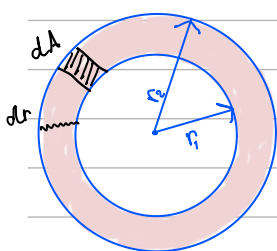
من نفسه بالاول انه بكل حاله د ا و د ب يكون عمله القوي على Q متاوي بعض

$$|F_{31}| = |F_{32}| \Rightarrow \frac{k Q q_1}{(0.75a)^2} = \frac{k Q q_2}{(0.25a)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{q_1}{3.0625} = \frac{q_2}{0.0625} \Rightarrow \frac{q_1}{q_2} = \frac{3.0625}{0.0625} = 49$$



$$|F_{31}| = |F_{32}| \Rightarrow \frac{k Q q_1}{(2.5a)^2} = \frac{k Q q_2}{(0.5a)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{q_1}{6.25} = \frac{q_2}{0.25} \Rightarrow \frac{q_1}{q_2} = \left(\frac{6.25}{0.25}\right) = 25$$

Q13 nonconducting spherical: قذيفة كروية : داخلي : inner



$$r_1 = 4 \text{ cm} \quad r_2 = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$\rho = \frac{b}{r} \quad \text{where } r: \text{distance in meter from the center of the shell}$$

$$b: 30 \mu\text{C}/\text{m}^2$$

$$\rho = \frac{dq}{dV} = \frac{dq}{A dr} \Rightarrow dq = \rho \cdot A dr \Rightarrow \int dq = \int \rho \cdot A dr \Rightarrow Q = b(4\pi) \int_{r_1}^{r_2} r dr$$

$$Q = 4\pi b \frac{r^2}{2} \Big|_{r_1}^{r_2} = \frac{4\pi}{2} (30 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}) \left[(6 \times 10^{-2})^2 - (4 \times 10^{-2})^2 \right] \text{ m}^2 = \dots$$

Q22 $q_1 = q_2$ $r = 3.2 \times 10^{-3}$

$a_1 = 6 \text{ m/s}^2$ و $a_2 = 9 \text{ m/s}^2$

$m_1 = 6.3 \times 10^{-7} \text{ kg}$

a) $F_1 = F_2 \Rightarrow$ $\text{أن مقدار القوة متساوي ونفس المبدأ ينطبق على جميع الحالات}$

$m_1 a_1 = m_2 a_2 \Rightarrow 6.3 \times 10^{-7} \times 6 = 9 m_2 \Rightarrow m_2 = 4.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ kg}$

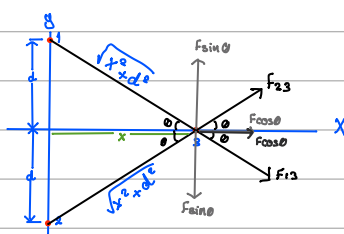
b) $\text{بما أن الشحنات متساويتان تأخذ القوة لأي واحدة منهما}$

$F_1 = m_1 a_1 = 3.78 \times 10^{-6}$

$F_1 = \frac{k q_1 q_2}{r^2} = \frac{k q^2}{r^2} = \frac{k q^2}{(3.2 \times 10^{-3})^2} \Rightarrow 3.78 \times 10^{-6} = \frac{1.6 \times 10^{-19} q^2}{3.2 \times 10^{-3}} \Rightarrow q = 6.59 \times 10^{-4} \text{ C}$

Q23 identical: متماثلين و conducting: موصلين و separated by: مفصولين

Q31 gradually: تدريجياً



$q_1 = q_2 = +4 \text{ C}$

$d = 17 \text{ cm}$

$q_3 = +8 \text{ e}$ moved gradually from $x=0$ to $x=+5 \text{ m}$

$F_{3 \text{ max}} = ??$ $F_{3 \text{ min}} = ??$

$x = ??$ $x = ??$

$F_{13} = \frac{k q_1 q_3}{x^2 + d^2}$ $F_{23} = \frac{k q_2 q_3}{x^2 + d^2} \Rightarrow F_{23} = F_{13} \Rightarrow F$

$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{الجوار}}{\text{الوتر}} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + d^2}}$

$F_{\text{net}} = 2 F \cos \theta$ $\leftarrow$ وحدة موحدة درجة واحدة إلى جانبها

$\frac{-2k(4\text{C})(8\text{C})}{x^2 + d^2} \cdot \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + d^2}} \Rightarrow F_{\text{net}} = \frac{64k\text{C}^2 x}{(x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}}$

$64k\text{C}^2 = (64 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19})^2 \times 8.99 \times 10^9 = 1.472 \times 10^{-26}$

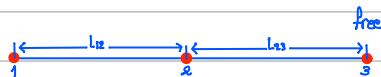
$F_{\text{net}} (x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} = 64k\text{C}^2 x - 64k\text{C}^2 x \cdot \frac{3}{2} (x^2 + d^2)^{1/2} \cdot 2x = 0$

$(x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} = 3x^2 \Rightarrow 2x^2 = 298 \Rightarrow x^2 = 149.5 \Rightarrow x \approx 12 \text{ cm} = 1.2 \text{ m}$

$F_{\text{net}}(1.2) = \frac{64k\text{C}^2 (1.2)}{((1.2)^2 + (17)^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{64 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times (1.6 \times 10^{-19})^2 \times 1.2}{((1.2)^2 + (17)^2)^{3/2}} \Rightarrow F_{\text{net max}} = 2.0 \times 10^{-25} \text{ N}$

$F_{\text{min}} \xrightarrow{\text{at } x=0} F(0) = 0$

Q35

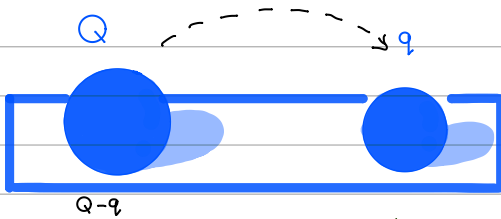


$2L_{23} = L_{12}$

$q_1/q_2 = ??$

$F_{\text{net}3} = F_{32} + F_{31} = 0 \Rightarrow F_{32} = -F_{31} \Rightarrow \frac{k q_3 q_2}{(L_{23})^2} = -\frac{k q_3 q_1}{(L_{23} + L_{12})^2} \Rightarrow \frac{k q_3 q_2}{(L_{23})^2} = -\frac{k q_3 q_1}{(3L_{23})^2} \Rightarrow q_2 = -\frac{q_1}{9} \Rightarrow \frac{q_1}{q_2} = -9$

37 Of the charge Q initially on a tiny sphere, a portion q is to be transferred to a second, nearby sphere. Both spheres can be treated as particles and are fixed with a certain separation. (a) For what value of q/Q will the electrostatic force between the two spheres be maximized? What are the (b) smaller and (c) larger values of q/Q that give a force magnitude that is 75% of that maximum?



التي تبين بها معاملة الجسيمات

الجسم الأول أعطى الجسم الثاني شحنة مقدارها q

a) $F = \frac{kqQ}{r^2} = \frac{kq(Q-q)}{r^2} = \frac{k}{r^2} (qQ - q^2)$
 نأخذ المشتقة $\frac{dF}{dq} = \frac{k}{r^2} (Q - 2q) = 0 \Rightarrow Q = 2q \Rightarrow \frac{q}{Q} = \frac{1}{2}$
 حيثما يكون $Q - q$
 بعد أن أعطى q

b) المطلوب هنا هو أن نأخذ أقصى قيمة لـ $\frac{q}{Q}$ التي تبين القوة في أقصىها القوي

$F_{max} = \frac{kQ^2}{4r^2}$
 لأننا من الغرض للأكسلا
 يكون عندنا $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{q}{Q}$
 $F = \frac{kqQ}{r^2} \Rightarrow F_{max} = \frac{kQ^2}{4r^2}$

75% of $F_{max} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{kQ^2}{4r^2} = \frac{3}{16} \frac{kQ^2}{r^2}$

التي نأخذ مقدار قوة الشحنة لـ 75% من F_{max}

$F = \frac{k(Q-q)q}{r^2} = 75\% \text{ of } F_{max}$
 $\frac{k(Q-q)q}{r^2} = \frac{3}{16} \frac{kQ^2}{r^2} \Rightarrow qQ - q^2 = \frac{3}{16} Q^2 \Rightarrow \frac{3}{16} Q^2 - Qq + q^2 = 0$

$q = \frac{Q}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{Q^2}{4} - \frac{3}{16} Q^2}$
 ثابتة ومعها $\frac{q}{Q} = \frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{16}}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{Q}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{Q^2}{4} - \frac{3}{16} Q^2} \Rightarrow \frac{Q}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{Q^2}{16}} = \frac{Q}{2} \pm \frac{Q}{4} = \frac{3Q}{8} \text{ or } \frac{Q}{8}$

