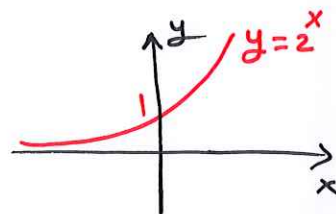
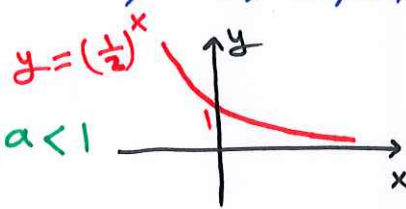


Exponential function has the form  $f(x) = a^x$ ,  $a > 0, a \neq 1$

→ is always positive function with  $D = \mathbb{R}$   
 $R = (0, \infty)$

→ is called exponential decay if  $0 < a < 1$

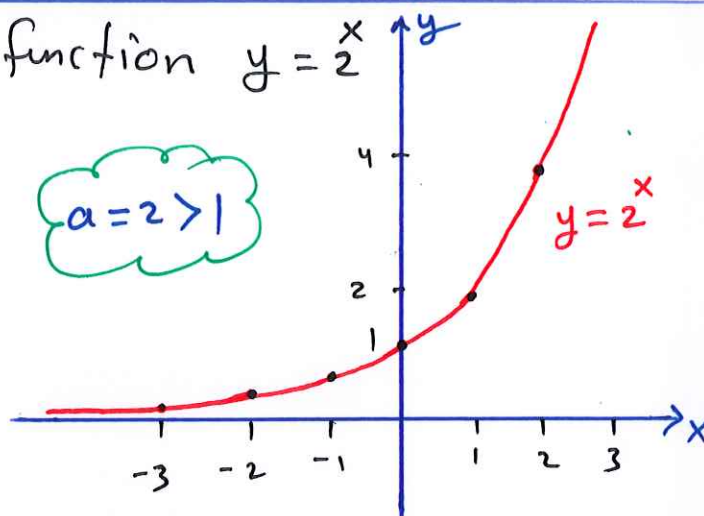
→ is called exponential growth if  $a > 1$



Exp Graph the exponential growth function  $y = 2^x$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	4	8

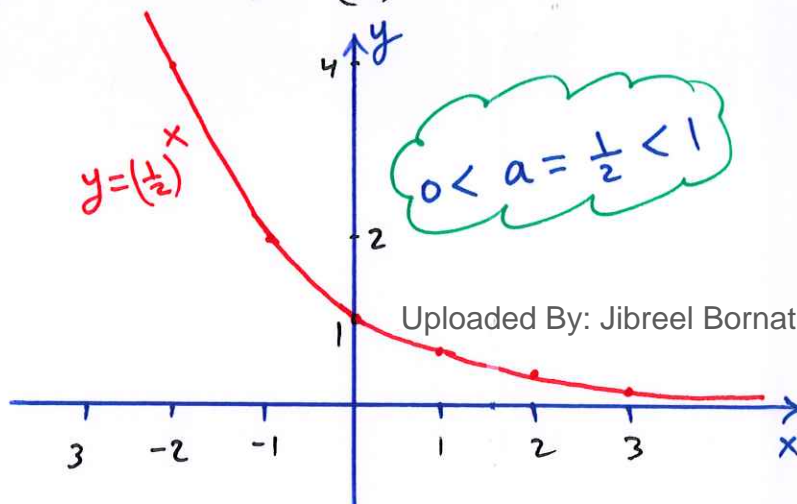
negative x-axis is the horizontal asymptote



Exp Graph the exponential decay function  $y = (\frac{1}{2})^x = 2^{-x}$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	8	4	2	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

positive x-axis is the horizontal asymptote



Remark

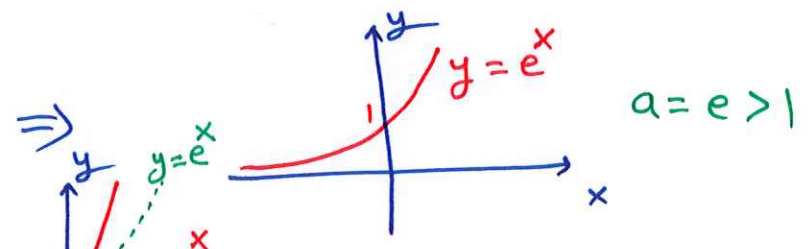
Note that if  $a = 1 \Rightarrow f(x) = 1^x = 1$

so the function becomes constant and not exponential

Exp Graph the exponential functions:

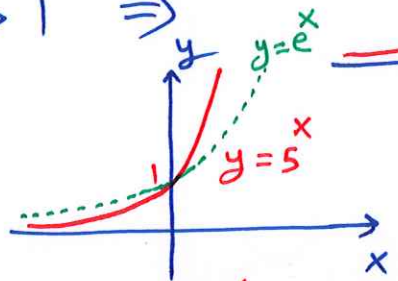
- ①  $y = e^x$     ②  $y = 5^x$     ③  $y = 3e^x$     ④  $y = (\frac{3}{4})^x$   
 ⑤  $y = e^{-x}$     ⑥  $y = 2^{x-1}$     ⑦  $y = -e^x$     ⑧  $y = -5^{-x}$

① Since  $e \approx 2.718 > 1 \Rightarrow$

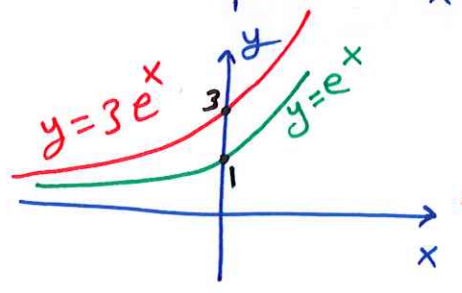


$a = e > 1$

②  $a = 5 > 1 \Rightarrow$

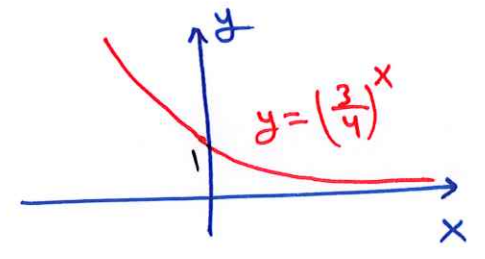


③  $y = 3e^x$

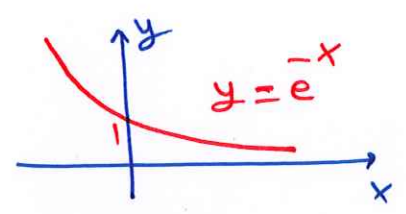


$3 > e > 1$

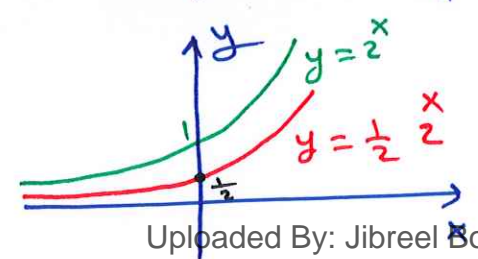
④  $y = (\frac{3}{4})^x \Rightarrow 0 < a = \frac{3}{4} < 1 \Rightarrow$



⑤  $y = e^{-x} = (\frac{1}{e})^x \Rightarrow 0 < a = \frac{1}{e} < 1 \Rightarrow$



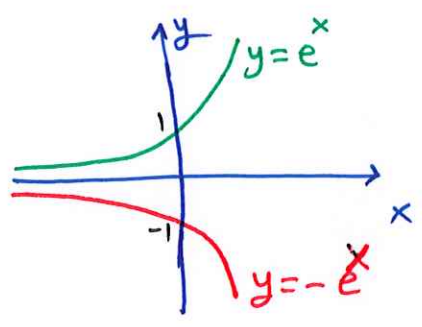
⑥  $y = 2^{x-1} = 2^x \cdot 2^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} 2^x$



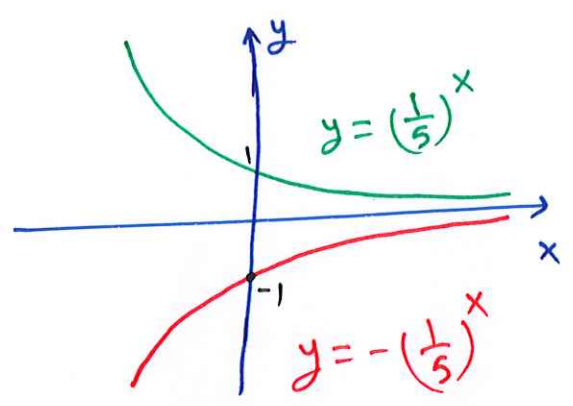
$a = 2 > 1$

Uploaded By: Jibreel Bornat

⑦  $y = -e^x$



⑧  $y = -5^{-x} = -(\frac{1}{5})^x \Rightarrow 0 < a = \frac{1}{5} < 1$



ممكن عمل جدول لكل رسمه