

Sustainable Environmental Planning and Development

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING

ENPL 421

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The article presents the definition of **sustainable development** and links it to different environments in Europe and America and discusses its objectives and topics, the most important of which are **sustainable planning** and **sustainable environmental planning**. It also discusses the perspective and viewpoint of local and regional communities towards sustainable planning and environmental **management**.

The article deals with several definitions of sustainable development, the most important of which are: a system of production and consumption of resources without causing any harm to the environment and nature, or a development system that meets the needs of the present without challenging future generations to meet their needs and be absorbed by present and future generations, reproduces the production and balance of social and economic systems, and forms a link between local communities And the region and between global issues.

Planning for a sustainable environment by integrating environmental goals and objectives into **comprehensive plans**, climate plans, **green infrastructure** and broad use plans with

social, economic and environmental goals and objectives, **land use plans**, land use systems and infrastructure spending locally and regionally, to reduce The effects of development on the natural environment And for this, we need the cooperation of the public and private sectors and public and private investments, and also to ensure success, plans must be organized and monitored.

The perspective of communities on planning, to focus on a specific property, a specific location, or a building in the city or neighborhood, and then understand the problems and opportunities, And through reactive community planning and proactive environmental planning that saves time, effort and money that can lead to more effective environmental planning.

In terms of the regional perspective by defining the identity and nature of a region. Regional planning provides a comprehensive and modern way to manage the environment and development. Environmental management begins with identifying problems, strengths and weaknesses, knowledge and good analysis to understand societies, the environment and nature.

In order to build a sustainable management, **development and planning system**, it is necessary to reverse all previous concepts
and knowledge in plans based on the existing situation and future
studies linking the planning processes, preserving resources,
meeting the needs of society, and preserving the energy of the
earth and the individual from depletion.