Information and Coding Theory

ENEE 5304

Problem Set 3

Optimum Receivers and Channel Capacity

1. Two random variables X and Y are distributed according to

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} K(x+y), & 0 \le x, y \le 1\\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$$

- a) Find K.
- b) Find the probability P(X + Y > 1).
- 2. A noise process has a power-spectral density given by

$$G_{n}(f) = \begin{cases} 10^{-8} \left(1 - \frac{|f|}{10^{8}}\right), & |f| < 10^{8} \\ 0, & |f| > 10^{8} \end{cases}.$$

This noise is passed through an ideal bandpass filter with a bandwidth of 2 MHz centered at 50 MHz. Find the power content of the output process.

3. Find the differential entropy of the continuous random variable *X* with an exponential random variable with parameter $\lambda > 0$

$$f_{x}(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\lambda} \exp(-x/\lambda), & x > 0\\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$$

- 4. Calculate the information rate in bits/sec of a telegraph source having two symbols, dot and dash. The dot duration is 0.2 s, the dash is twice as long as the dot and half as probable.
- 5. Consider discrete memoryless channel with the transition matrix

$$P_{ij} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find the capacity of the channel.

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- 6. Find capacity of an additive Gaussian white noise channel with a bandwidth of 1 MHz, power of 10 W, noise power-spectral density of $\frac{N_0}{2} = 10^{-9}$ W/Hz.
- 7. Consider a binary symmetric channel characterized by the transition probability p. Plot the mutual information of the channel as a function of P1, the *a priori* probability of symbol 1 at the channel input; do your calculations for the transition probability p=0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5.
- 8. The binary orthogonal frequency shift keying (FSK) signaling scheme employs the following two equally probable signals $s_1(t)$ and $s_2(t)$ to represent binary logic 0 and 1 respectively over a channel corrupted by AWGN with N₀ = 0.001 W/Hz: $s_1(t) = 4\cos(2\pi f_1 t), \quad 0 \le t \le T_b$ $s_2(t) = 4\cos(2\pi f_2 t) \quad 0 \le t \le T_b$,
- a. If the bit error probability is not to exceed 10^{-4} , find the maximum allowable data rate R_b in bits per second.
- b. Sketch the optimum demodulator
- 9. Let X have a density and let H(X) denote the differential entropy. Show that for any a > 0 we have , $H(aX) = H(X) + \log a$.
- 10. The joint probability mass function of two random variables X and Y is shown in the table below.

		Y	
		2	3
x	0	0.45	0.12
	1	0.15	0.28

a. Find H(X)

b. Find I(X; Y)