

Problem

$$F(F^{-1}(C)) \subseteq C$$

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 2

The objective is to prove that,

$$F(F^{-1}(C)) \subseteq C.$$

The proof can be divided into two parts.

Part-1:

Let F be a function from X to Y and $C \subset Y$.

Let $x \in F(F^{-1}(C))$.

By the definition of inverse image,

$$x = F(y) \text{ for some } y \in F^{-1}(C)$$

$$F(y) \in C$$

So, $x \in C$.

Therefore,

$$F(F^{-1}(C)) \subset C. \dots\dots (1)$$

Step 2 of 2

Part-2:

To show that $F(F^{-1}(C)) = C$.

Let $x \in C$.

By the definition of function F ,

$$x = F(y) \text{ for some } y.$$

Hence, $y \in F^{-1}(C)$.

So, $x = F(y) \in F(F^{-1}(C))$.

This shows that $C \subset F(F^{-1}(C))$.

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$$F(F^{-1}(C)) = C. \dots\dots (2)$$

From equations (1) and (2),

$$\boxed{F(F^{-1}(C)) \subseteq C}.$$