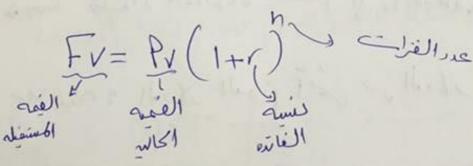
تلخيع الناب الخامس il view or to 2

قو البن ال + Single amount في منه العاري نسخد المرز، القواتين في هال علب السوّال في المعاري رجد صرة صن الزمن : و حو قيم المعاري هذا اليوم محسب واحده ولا يوجد في دفعات

في حال طلب فيه الأسوال وبعد حد من الزمن [تعني في المسنل] لسجر عذا الغانون



ونوطل جلب فعه الاقل اليوم للحدم هذا الغانون

 $P = \frac{FV}{(1+Y)}n$

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it's le vie what is the future Value when Present Volue \$1000 and introge Rate 6% in time 10 Year? الوال لمان المجه المستفل و لم يتحدث من دفعات toile unit and all the Fv = Pv(1+r) 10 $= 1000 \left(1 + \frac{6}{100} \right) = 1790.8$ Sinflamount & river italiel in the ملاعته: الدولار اليوم أثمن من الدولار عدا" Pr the Fr I is the the Bei VI ist يعنى اذا معر الذرني الموم منصومة معرم بعر كامنوات النا بالاي ما يتم شراد البوم بر ٥٠٠٠ نفس هذا الني مجناج الد معر آما) مع أنه نعن الني (نعراءز)

قوانين ال Annuities فنخدم هذه القواني في طل فل القال فيه المعار م البرم او بعد مدهماانه ویکن بوهر هنال دفعا - مواز دنع او قبل مثر وفع دفعا في البل للحول في حبال بعد حد من الزم او آخذ قرف و تسدید. ی دفعا __ [- bés dé it ui] فر عال خلب الفيه اكاليه (اليرم) معدم هذا العانون $P_{V_A} = \frac{P_M T}{V} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1+1)^n} \right]$ WELlail PVA= jang flow field PMT = 3

خ حال فل الفيه بعد صد من النه insig platien $F_{V_A} = PMI\left(\frac{(1+r)-1}{r}\right)$ Annuis is one Proises IN IS i Len & if i liste اى انه دفعا الفراة في ادفع آو ديسا في باب الغر النائد بعنه فرالة الغر الغر الغر دنعا- الفن الرابع مكور في تركيد الرابعه او بدايه الخاصة ف قرب est ciel - un sub primais des i vir llero e là érables où 12225 دنعات الغزوالراحه نكونه 4 · . 92121 vie &

"Ino "Ind afo addes Annuities Il initia Voluit (PMT) - bill peli is equal layment. Contrad dople ais & all 3 . Fr Mixed Steam? Voluio - bill Unequal Pryment

Uneque Paux نفوم وفع العوان الناب ف طار $P \mathbf{v} = \leq \frac{F \mathbf{v}}{(1 + \mathbf{v})^n}$: 5216 Cquel Paymoni equel 131 $f_{v=} \leq P_{v}(1+r)$ الرج للغوازال قبل 25/18 ARD, CSACE2. 15 P. R. Olio Find the Preson volue of the following, assuming the introducate 25% Year Amount 5000 25000 14000 Pv, + 1+2 + Pv3 $P_{V_1} = \frac{F_V}{(1+r_1)^n} = \frac{5000}{(1+\frac{25}{10})} = 4,000$ = 4000+6000+ -1168 PV2= EV = 25000 = 16,000 = 27168 \$ Pr3= Cr = 14000 = 70168

efficie Annul Rate (EAR) Anull Rexample VAM Rate $EAR = \left(1 + \frac{V}{m}\right) - 1$ (APR) ILe'c. فر مال کان عدد الفزا - ای الالالار (ک) Ev= PMT (isilier, TM9=V9 $n = \infty$ -000 شرم محمد الم الله محمد مع الله ~ 5 \$ 1/6 ~ 16 (Perfetuity) ~ 2 8661 J] ان يوفع طابة في البند حتى يسفح الذ يتوم بهذ الإلد الع N= PMT = 6000 = 100,000 N

#Loan amortaization "10 PP ود ذم عد الموال م شخع آخذ قر في س الل are ser air 18-19 acen. zi (VA) # اولاً توفي هذا الغاذ» $PV_A = PMT \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1+7)^n} \right]$ ومنعدا القاؤة توجد TMA المريكود خابته بالج الغزا-وبجدداد نعل هذا الجردل Period Beging Belance Palment Intropament Vinciple Biging J. B-B (2-E) upgo 200 Valging Jela Reging JI gill :il ip Que ismo ows: my للين الاول 8

P5-48 115-10 Puppin P548 Loanamortizate (262 P A) $P_{VA} = \frac{PMT}{r} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)} \right]$ $15000 = \frac{PMT}{0.14} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1+0.14)} \right]$ N (Hy h y) 15000 = PMT 2.3 PMT= 6460.97 \$ Payn B) Period Beg Bolance Paymont Intresamment Principle End Plan 14% + Roy Bil Arma-imme Bog-Pricide 4360.97 10639.03 6460.97 2100 15000 1 10639.03 6460.97 1489.46 4971.51 566752 2 5667.57 5667.52 6460.97 793.4 3 \cap 40 M C) Because the Beg Bulance declining by the passofs of time and the Intos amount de Pand of the Bed Balance 1

Notes :-Est O Interest Rate " icel is scheres a. Discount Rate b. Compound Rate c. Cost of Capital d. Opportunity cost C. Required Rate of Return.) لو ذكر السؤال هذ • اللمات عبر أذ نفر ب "عدد السوات " بوقع معين / و نقسم ٢ (العا لذة) على قلم عقين a. Semi Annually :n X 2 1 - 2 b. monthly => n x 12 1 = 12 c. Daily => n x 365 أوحر عددايام 1-365 Vist ail 101

d. week) ~ × 52 weekly by C. n × 26 - 26 [Civil · · / 3

questions:

Finance 130- Time Value of Money- Practice Questions- Stream Excercit

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D

- what is the future value, where present value is \$1,000, interest rate is 6% and time is 10 years? **7** what is the present value, where first
- what is the present value, where future value is \$1,000, interest rate is 6% and time is 1 year? What is the present value, where future value is \$1,000, interest rate is 6% and time is 1 year? What is the present value, where future value is \$1,000, interest rate is 6% and time is 5 years? Calculate the interest rate, where future value is \$1,000, interest rate is 6% and time is 5 years?
- Calculate the interest rate, when the present value is \$1,000 and Future va Calculate the interest rate, when the present value is \$1,000 and Future value is \$1,750 and time is 11 years. How long will it take for \$500 to 6
- How long will it take for \$500 to grow to \$1,000 at an interest rate of 8%?

Word Problems:

7. You invest \$5,000 today. You will earn 8% interest. How much will you have in 4 years?

MT

8487.2

- You have \$450,000 to invest. If you think you can earn 7% interest, how much could you accumulate in 10 years?
 If a compare the
- 9. If a commodity costs \$500 now and inflation is expected to go up at a rate of 10% how much will the commodity cost in 5 years?
- 10. If you think you can sell an asset for \$25,000 in five years and you think that the appropriate discount rate is 5% how much would you be willing to pay for the asset today?
- 11. Find the value of \$10,000 in ten years. The investment earns 5% interest.
- 12. A principal of \$7,100 has a maturity value of \$13,966.77 in 10 years. What is the interest rate?

12

Ann lity:

- 13 You expect that your new house will cost yo (\$100,000) A down payment of \$20,000 is needed, and a morigage roun \$2.50 could be taken for the remaining balance. The torus maturity is 10 years and the mortgage rate is 12%. The loan is to be paid in 10 equal end of year annual installments. What is the annual ioan payment?
- 14. Congrats! You just won the \$64 million Florida lottery. Now the Surely Company is offering you \$30 million in exchange for your 20 installments on your winnings. If your opportunity cost of funds is 8%, should you agree to this deal?

Frequent Compounding:

- 15. You borrow \$50,000 and will make monthly payments for 2 years and 12 % interest. How much will those payments 16. You invest \$3,000 at 6% interest, which will be compounded semi-annually. How much will you have in three years?

Two - Step Problems:

- 17. Haneep plans on retiring on her 60th birthday. She wants to put the same amount of funds aside each year for the next thenty years -- starting next year -- so that she will be able to withdraw \$50,000 per year for twenty years once she retires, with the first withdrawal on her 61st birthday. Haneen is 🔂 years old today. How much must she set aside each year for her retirement if she can earn 10% on her funds?
- 18. Your parents are planning for your brothers education to begin 5 years from today. You estimate the yearly tuition, books and living expenses to be \$8,000 per year for a four- year degree. How much must your parents deposit today at an interest rate of 6% for your brother to be able to withdraw \$8,000 per year for four years of college?

Effective Annual Interest Rate:

You have seen a credit card advertisement that states that the annual percentage rate is 12%. If the credit card requires monthly payments, what is the effective annual rate of interest on the loan? 20/Your bant will charge you 14% annual interest on a car loan, what will be the effective financing cost if the rate is compounded a. semi-annually b. monthly?

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FV = Pv (1+r) $Iooo = 500 (1+\frac{9}{100})$ $\frac{1000}{500} = (1+\frac{9}{100})$ $2 = (1+\frac{9}{100})$ $2 = (1+\frac{9}{100})$ Ln 2 = Ln 1.08 Ln 2 = n Ln 1.08 $n = \frac{Ln 2}{Ln 1.8}$

n=9

$$word Rroblems:$$

$$(F) = F_{v} = F_{v}$$

 $\square F_{V} = P_{V} (|+v|)^{h}$ $F_{v} = 10,000 \left(1 + \frac{5}{100}\right)$ = 16,288,95 \$

$$r = 6.9\%$$

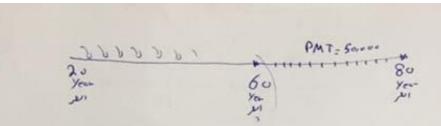
538.45

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Frequent Compounding
15
$$P_{V_A} = \frac{PMT}{r} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(r+1)^n} \right]$$

 $\Rightarrow 50,000 = \frac{PMT}{\frac{V!2}{r^2}} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1+\frac{0!2}{r^2})^{2r/2}} \right]$
 $PMT = 2353.67$

$$F_{V} = 8000 \left(1 + \frac{V}{2}\right)^{2*3}$$



$$P_{V_{A}} = \frac{P_{MT}}{r} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)^{n}} \right]$$

$$P_{V_{A}} = \frac{50,000}{0.1} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1+0.1)^{20}} \right]$$

PUA= 4256 78.2

17

$$F_{VA} = P_{MT} \left(\underbrace{(1+r)}_{r} - 1 \\ r \end{array} \right)$$

$$425678.2 = P_{MT} \left(\underbrace{(1+0.1)}_{0.1} - 1 \\ 0.1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$P_{MT} = 961.8 \text{ }$$

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18] n=5 $P_{V_A} = \frac{P_MT}{r} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)} \right]$ $P_{VA} = \frac{8000}{006} \int 1 - \frac{1}{(1+0.06)^{u}}$

Pva = 27,720.85 \$

$$P_{V} = \frac{f_{V}}{(1+r)^{n}}$$

$$P_{v} = \frac{27,720.85}{(1+0.06)^5}$$

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19 (1+r)- $EAR = \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right) - 1$ ARRET $=\left(1+\frac{0.12}{12}\right)^{12}-1$ r= 12% = 1% - 0.126 - 12.6% 20 a 0 $EAR\left(1+\frac{r}{m}\right)-1$ EAR= (1+ F)-1 $\left(1 + \frac{0.14}{12}\right)$ - $= \left(1 + \frac{0.14}{0}\right) - 1$ = 14.93% = 0.1449 1.14,49