

Ch 9

$$\text{Cost of debt} = YTM = \frac{PMT + \frac{PV - NP}{n}}{1}$$

$$= \frac{PMT + \frac{PV - NP}{n}}{2} \times (1 - \text{Tax})$$

* $PMT = \text{Coupon payment} + \text{Par value}$
 $\text{OR} = \text{Payment}$

* $NP = \text{Market price (MP)} - \text{Flotation cost} - \text{underpriced}$
 $\text{OR} = \text{Par value} - \text{discount} - \text{Flotation cost} - \text{underpriced}$
 $= \text{Par value} + \text{premium} - \text{Flotation cost} - \text{underpriced}$

Flotation cost 2% of par value
 $= 2\% \times P.V$

$$\text{Cost of Preferred Stock} = \frac{\text{Dividend (expected)}}{NP}$$

$$= \frac{D}{NP}$$

Dividend = $D_0(1+g)$
 $= \frac{D_0(1+g)}{NP}$

(1)

□

A Cost of Common Stocks = $\frac{D}{NP} + g$

(New Issues) رشد

Dividend \rightarrow D
 growth \rightarrow g

Dividend	Year
2	2012
4	2014
6	2013

امثلة $D_1 = D_0 (1 + g)^1$

$2 = 6 (1 + g)^2$

ثم تقدم بقدر ضايف
القانون $g =$ ✓

B Cost of Common Stock = $\frac{D}{Price P} + g$

(Retained earning)

على نفس طريقة قبل يتم حساب g

رشد هنا: Retained earning بموجب

Price (Market selling) وليس NP

اي السعر بدون Ploturial underpriced

رشد
(2)

2

التكلفة الثانية حساب Cost of Common Stock (r_s) CAPM

$$\text{Cost of Common Stock } (r_s) = R.F + B(R.M - R.F)$$

Risk Free
Beta
Risk Market
Risk Free

└──────────┘
Risk premium

$$r_s = R.F + B(R.P)$$

Risk Free
Beta
Risk premium

$$WACC = \text{Capital Structure} \times \text{Cost (P.s, c.s, debt)}$$

$$= (\text{Capital Structure} \times \text{Cost-debt}) + (\text{Capital Structure} \times \text{Cost-c.s})$$

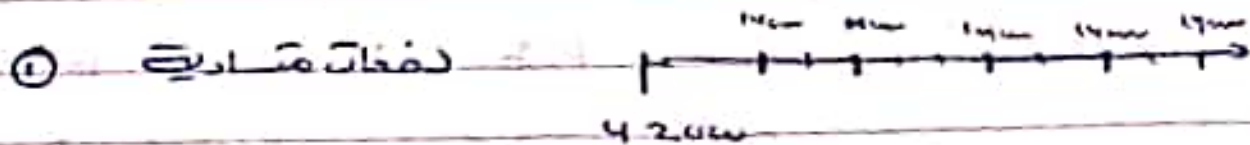
$$+ (\text{Capital Structure} \times \text{Cost-P.s})$$

بالا على Return
او على New Issues
وهذه هي
بالا على الاول او على الثانية

(3)

Ch 10

Pay back period \Rightarrow

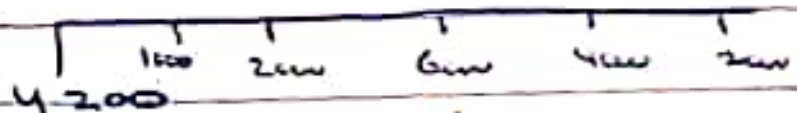


$$PBP = \frac{42,000}{14,000}$$

$$= 3 \text{ years}$$

اندهون بدی 3 سنه
هتا ارجع استعارگی

② دفعات مقادير



1,000 + 2,000 + $\frac{12,000}{6,000}$ \rightarrow 42,000

6,000

شماره لی حساب قبل 42,000

جمع 42,000

$$1 + 1 + 0.2$$

$$= 2.2 \text{ years}$$

(4)

Net Present Value = PV - Initial Investment

① ادفعات متساوية

$$NPV = \frac{PMT}{r} \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)^n} \right) - \text{Initial Investment}$$

(Cash out flow)

② دفعات مختلفة

$$NPV = \sum \frac{CF}{(1+r)^n} - \text{Initial Investment}$$

(Cash out flow)

كل وحدة

$$\frac{CF_1}{(1+r)^1} + \frac{CF_2}{(1+r)^2} + \frac{CF_3}{(1+r)^3} + \dots$$

Profitability Index

$$PI = \frac{\sum \frac{CF}{(1+r)^n}}{\frac{\text{Initial Investment}}{\text{Cash out flow}}} \Rightarrow \text{دفعات مختلفة}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{PMT}{r} \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)^n} \right)}{\frac{\text{Initial Investment}}{\text{Cash out flow}}} \Rightarrow \text{دفعات متساوية}$$

(5)

← آخری حصے انڈس البانڈن

Internal Rate of Return (IRR)

$$0 = \sum \frac{CF}{(1+IRR)^n} - CF_0 \text{ (Initial Investment)}$$

$$\sum \frac{CF}{(1+IRR)^n} = CF_0 \text{ (Initial Investment)}$$

→ معادلات حل

$$\Rightarrow IRR > \text{Cost of Capital (r)} \Rightarrow \text{accept}$$

✓ معقول

$$\Rightarrow IRR < \text{Cost of Capital (r)} \Rightarrow \text{reject}$$

✓ معقول

Ranking ← حسب الاکبر

(6)

← من الناحية accept, reject

* PBP :-

$\text{PBP} > \overset{\text{مفضل}}{\text{Max (استعداد)}} \rightarrow \text{reject}$

$\text{PBP} < \overset{\text{مفضل}}{\text{Max}} \rightarrow \text{accept}$

PBP shorter \rightarrow the best

* NPV :-

$\text{NPV} \geq 0 \rightarrow \text{accept}$

$\text{NPV} < 0 \text{ (سلبي)} \rightarrow \text{reject}$

NPV longer \rightarrow the best

* PI :-

$\text{PI} > 1 \rightarrow \text{accept}$

$\text{PI} < 1 \rightarrow \text{reject}$

(7)