



تعبير جبرية

كثير الحدود : Polynomial
(Poly)

Poly of degree n has this form

$$a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + a_{n-2} x^{n-2} + \dots + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$$

- $a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$ coefficients معاملات
↓
الثابت
Constant
- $a_n \neq 0$ leading coefficients
- n degree of poly الدرجة

Exp

$$7x^6 - 4x^2 + 5$$

① Degree $\Rightarrow n=6$

② leading coefficient $a_6=7$

③ constant $\Rightarrow a_0=5$

$$7x^6 - 4x^2 + 5$$

④ constant a_0

④ all coefficients

$$a_6 x^6 + a_5 x^5 + a_4 x^4 + a_3 x^3 + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$$

Diagram showing coefficients a_6 through a_0 with their corresponding powers of x . Arrows point from a_5 to 0, a_4 to 0, a_3 to 0, a_2 to -4, and a_1 to 0.

⑤ Is this poly of one variable / two variables ...?

Exp $10x^2y^2 - 5x + 3y - 7$

① $n=3$ degree

③ constant $a_0 = -7$

⑤ two variables (several variables)

Exp $\frac{1}{2} x^3 y^2$

① $n = 2 + 3 = 5$
 ③ constant term $a_0 = 0$
 ⑤ several variables

Exp $-\sqrt{3}$

① $n=0$ since $-\sqrt{3} = -\sqrt{3} x^0$

② leading coefficient $a_0 = -\sqrt{3}$

③ constant term $= a_0 = -\sqrt{3}$

⑤ poly with no variable (constant)

⑤ Poly with no variables - (constant)

Exp $-x + 1 - \underbrace{5x^3}_{\text{بمقادير}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2}x^5}_{\text{بمقادير}}$

① $n = 5$

③ $a_0 = 1$

② $a_5 = \frac{1}{2}$

④

$a_5 x^5 + a_4 x^4 + a_3 x^3 + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$
 $\frac{1}{2} \quad 0 \quad -5 \quad 0 \quad -1 \quad 1$

⑤ one variable.

Exp Evaluate the following algebraic expression at the given (indicated) value

① $8x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 3x - 4$, $x = 2$

$8(2) - \frac{1}{2}(2)^2 + 3(2) - 4$

$16 - \frac{1}{2}(4) + 6 - 4$

$16 - 2 + 6 - 4 = \underline{\underline{16}}$

② $\frac{3x - 2y}{2y + 3x}$, $x = -1$, $y = 2$

$\frac{3(-1) - 2(2)}{2(2) + 3(-1)} = \frac{-3 - 4}{4 + -3} = \frac{-7}{1} = -7$

$$\frac{3x}{2(2) + 3(-1)} = \frac{-}{4} + -5$$

Remark • Any Poly with single term is monomial monopoly Polynomial

Exp $3x$, $\frac{1}{2}y^5$, $\frac{3}{2}$, $-5y^2$

• Any Poly with two terms is binomial

Exp $3x^2 - x$, $2 - x^4$, $3y^{10} - y^7$

• Any Poly with three terms is trinomial

Exp $x^3 - 2x^2 + 1$, $y^5 - 5y + 10$, ...

like terms

الحدود المتشابهة
والتي يمكن جمعها
(مثلاً)

Exp • $8xy$, $-5xy$

..... $-6xy = xy[8-5]$

$$8xy + -5xy = xy[8-5] \\ = 3xy$$

• 12 , -4 like terms

$$12 + -4 = 8$$

• $5x^3y$, $5y^3x$ not like terms

Exp Simplify (or combin like terms)
(remove parentheses)

$$(1) (2x^3 - 4xy) + (5xy - 8x^3)$$

$$2x^3 - 8x^3 - 4xy + 5xy \\ -6x^3 + xy$$

$$\begin{aligned} & x^3[2-8] + xy[-4+5] \\ & x^3(-6) + xy(1) \\ & -6x^3 + xy \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) - [6 - 3(y-1) + 3y]$$

$$- \left[\cancel{6} - \cancel{3y} + \cancel{3} + \cancel{3y} \right]$$

$$- [9] = \underline{\underline{-9}}$$

$$(3) \quad (3x^2 + 4xy + 5y^2 + 1) - (6x^2 - 2xy + 4)$$

$$3x^2 + 4xy + 5y^2 + 1 - 6x^2 + 2xy - 4$$

$$3x^2 - 6x^2 + 4xy + 2xy + 1 - 4 + 5y^2$$

$$-3x^2 + 6xy - 3 + 5y^2$$