

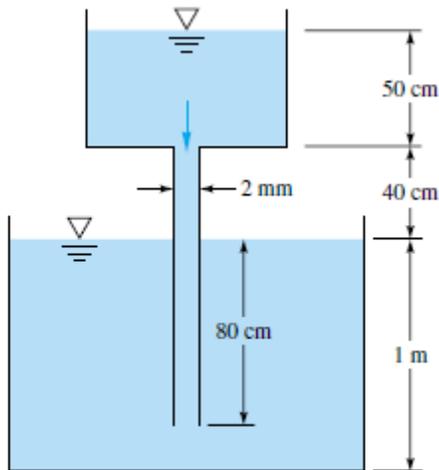
**Birzeit University**  
**Mechanical & Mechatronics Engineering Department**  
**Thermal fluid engineering ENMC4411**  
**Homework 4**  
**Chapter 4 Viscous pipe flow**

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**Problem 1 (P. 6. 33)**

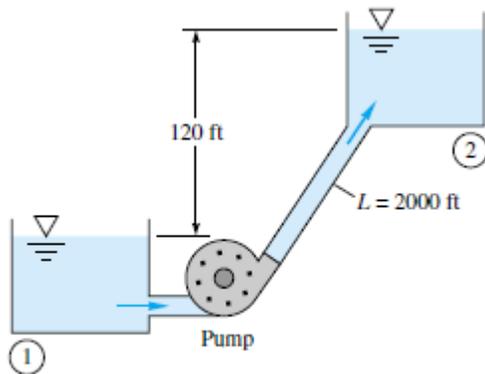
For the configuration shown in Fig. P6.33, the fluid is ethyl alcohol at 20°C, and the tanks are very wide. Find the flow rate which occurs in m<sup>3</sup>/h. Is the flow laminar?



P6.33

**Problem 2 (P6.68)**

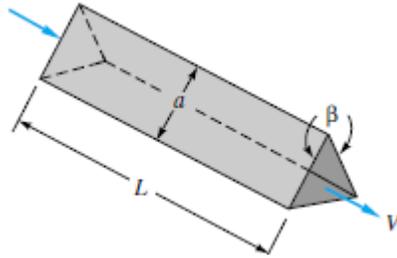
Water at 20°C is to be pumped through 2000 ft of pipe from reservoir 1 to 2 at a rate of 3 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, as shown in Fig. P6.68. If the pipe is cast iron of diameter 6 in and the pump is 75 percent efficient, what horsepower pump is needed?



P6.68

**Problem 3 (P6.91)**

Heat exchangers often consist of many triangular passages. Typical is Fig. P6.91, with  $L = 60$  cm and an isosceles-triangle cross section of side length  $a = 2$  cm and included angle  $\beta = 80^\circ$ . If the average velocity is  $V = 2$  m/s and the fluid is SAE 10 oil at  $20^\circ\text{C}$ , estimate the pressure drop.



**Problem 4 (P6.105)**

The system in Fig. P6.105 consists of 1200 m of 5 cm cast-iron-pipe, two  $45^\circ$  and four  $90^\circ$  flanged long-radius elbows, a fully open flanged globe valve, and a sharp exit into a reservoir. If the elevation at point 1 is 400 m, what gage pressure is required at point 1 to deliver  $0.005$  m<sup>3</sup>/s of water at  $20^\circ\text{C}$  into the reservoir?

