

Problem

Let I_Z be the identity function defined on the set of all integers, and suppose that e , b_i^{jk} , $K(t)$, and ukj all represent integers. Find

a. $I_Z(e)$

b. $I_Z(b_i^{jk})$

c. $I_Z(K(t))$

d. $I_Z(ukj)$

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 4

(a) Since e represents the integer, then, $I_Z(e) = e$

Step 2 of 4

(b) $I_Z(b_i^{jk}) = b_i^{jk}$, where b_i^{jk} represents an integer

Step 3 of 4

(c) $I_Z(K(t)) = K(t)$, where $K(t)$ is the integer

Step 4 of 4

(d) $I_Z(ukj) = ukj$, where ukj is the integer and I_Z is the integer function