EHR Standards openEHR



© HiCure 2015-2018

Health Framework Standards OpenEHR

- openEHR:
 - Virtual community working on means of **turning health data from the physical form into electronic form** and ensuring universal **interoperability** among all forms of electronic (health) data.
- Describes the management, storage, retrieval and exchange of health data in EHRs
- OpenEHR architecture
 - Consists of the following key elements:
 - Information models (also called Reference Model RM)
 - The archetype formalism and the archetype query language (AM)
 - Service models (SM)

Uploaded By Uploaded By



- *Open*EHR refers to both **foundation** and **specifications**
 - OpenEHR Foundation
 - Non-Profit organisation
 - Provides a membership to those who desires to contribute to the development & implementation of *Open*EHR specifications.
 - Vision of OpenEHR Foundation: Enables healthcare sectors to obtains benefits from ICT:
 - Life-long **interoperable** electronic health records (EHRs)
 - Design EHRs to improve the **quality** of health care and clinical research.
 - More information about OpenEHR foundation:
- <u>http://www.openehr.org/about/foundation</u> STUDENTS-HUB.com



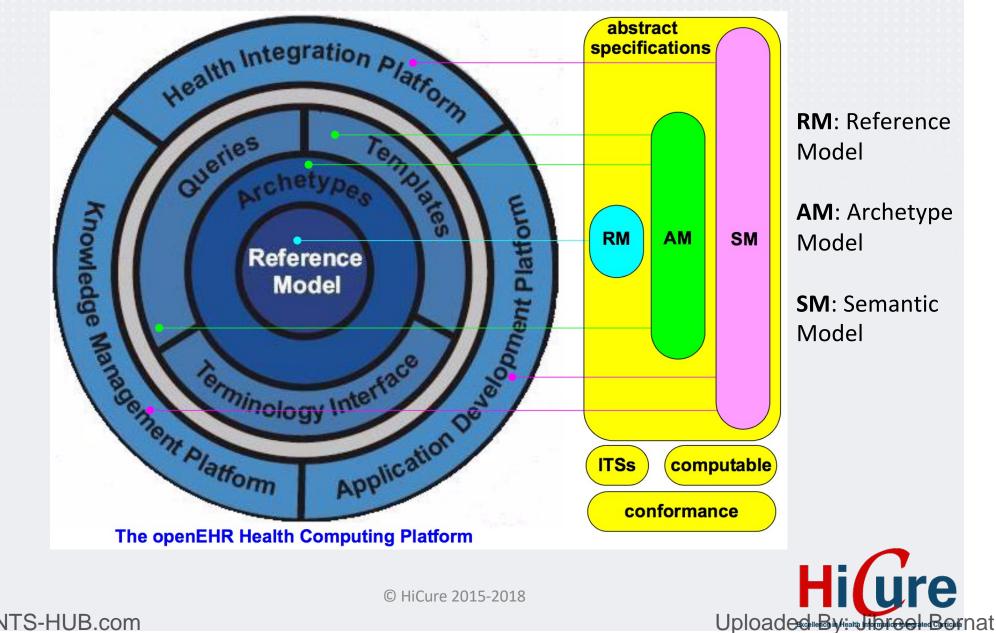
OpenEHR Specifications

• **OpenEHR Specifications**

- **Open** specifications for a health information model (opposed to proprietary closed specifications)
- Capable of supporting an **open** platform health system
 - Vendor neutral
 - Technology neutral
- Licensed to allow open and closed source business models
- OpenEHR specifications aim at:
 - Separating clinical concepts from the EHR information model
- *Open*EHR specifications include:
 - OpenEHR Process Model (or workflow)
 - OpenEHR Architecture



openEHR Specifications



OpenEHR Process Model

- OpenEHR is based on the <u>problem-solving</u> approach used in the "Clinical Investigator Model" or CIM.
- <u>Clinical Investigator Model:</u>
 - Includes **patient** & **care provider** as two participating entities
 - Based on **SOAP** (Subjective-Objective-Assessment-Plan) concept
 - During the clinical workflow, a set of clinical information is generated
 - The major types of **clinical information/statements** includes:
 - Observations, Opinions, Instructions, Actions
 - OpenEHR represents major types as **EHR_Entry** (discussed later)

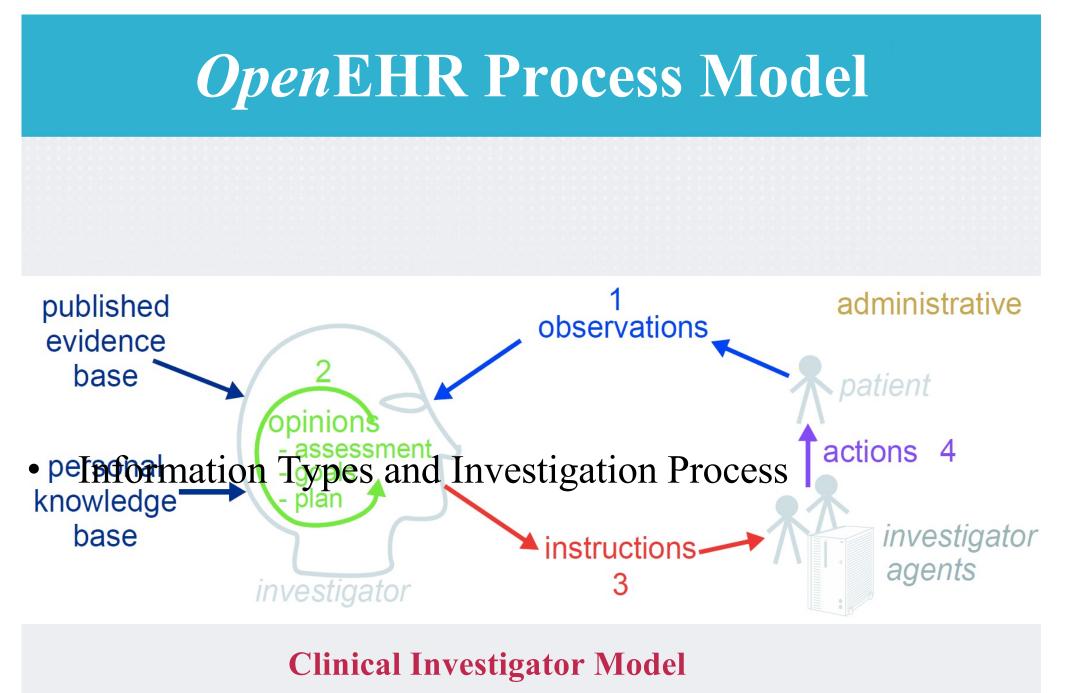


OpenEHR Process Model

Clinical Process or workflow (CIM)

- Starts from the patient's observations provided by care provider(s)
- Then, care provider(s) provide
 - their opinion(s)
 - an **assessment** of the **current situation**,
 - goals for a future situation
 - Finally, **plans** for achieving the **goals**
- Evidence and care providers' knowledge always play an important part in this process
 - This leads to **instructions** designed to achieve the **planned goals**



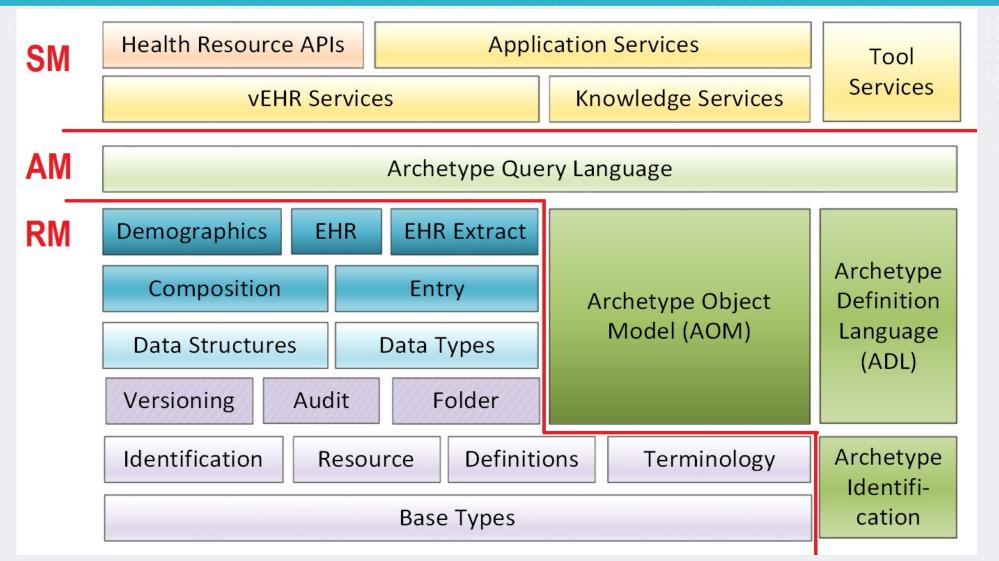




- OpenEHR architecture :
 - Is based on CEN/ISO 13606
 - Compliments other work developed by other standards organisations, including HL7 v3 & IHTDSO
- *Open*EHR architecture includes:
 - Reference Model (RM) Information Model
 - Archetype Model (AM)
 - Service Model (SM)







Dependency between components is from the bottom to top All components use data types & data structures from RM STUDENTS-HUB.com



1. OpenEHR Reference Model (RM)

- Technical in nature
- General framework for all Clinical data
- Represents a collection of **information models** for:
 - Generic EHR Information Model (Core Model)
 - Generic **Domain** Information Models
 - Generic **Patterns** Information Models



- Core Information Models
 - Generic data types
 - Text, Quantity (values and units), date/time, multimedia, URIs
 - Generic data structures
 - Single, List, Table, and Tree
 - Generic supportive components
 - Includes definitions, identification, terminology, and measurement
 - All other information models use these components for data processing
 - Terminology package → provides structures & interfaces for use of services that give access to coding system data
 - It also provides the description of basic data types of other external systems that integrate with OpenEHR



Domain Information Models

- Generic EHR Extract Model
 - Describes the various ways of building an EHR (full & partial EHR)
 - Support **interoperability** with external EHR systems.
- EHR Information Model
 - It defines the components and their relationship with reference to EHR
 - It includes **COMPOSITION**, **SECTION**, **and ENTRY** as the major components of EHR.
 - These concepts are similar to the concepts defined in CEN/ISO 13606
 - Also, it closely mapped to the concepts defined in CDA
- Generic Demographics Model
 - Includes concepts that are required to describe **demographics** of a participated persons (**patient, healthcare providers**, etc.)
- Generic Integration Model
 - supports the integration of data from legacy systems



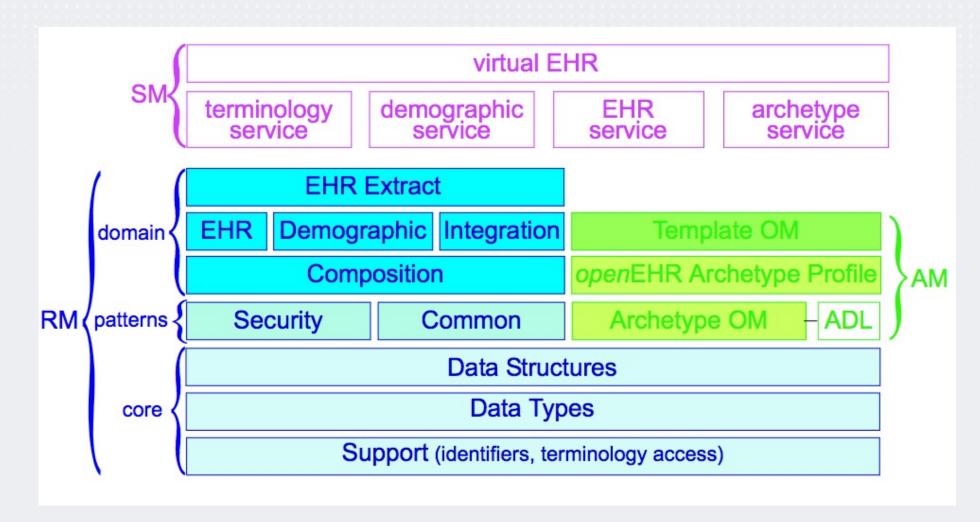


Patterns Information Models

- Generic Security Model
 - Includes the packages and classes that are related to **access control** and **privacy setting** for the data in an EHR.
- Generic common model
 - Holds the common packages required by all other models
 - Versioning & change management are part of the common model
 - Links Reference Model and Archetype Model



openEHR Package Structure





© HiCure 2015-2018

OpenEHR Architecture - RM EHR Information Model

- EHR information Model Parts
 - EHR → The root object, identified by a globally unique EHR identifier
 - EHR_access → An object containing access control settings for the record
 - EHR_status → An object contains various status & control information
 - It includes an identifier for the subject (i.e., patient) that is currently associated with EHR
 - − Contributions → maintains change log of an EHR
 - Directory → A hierarchical structure of Folders that is logically organise Compositions

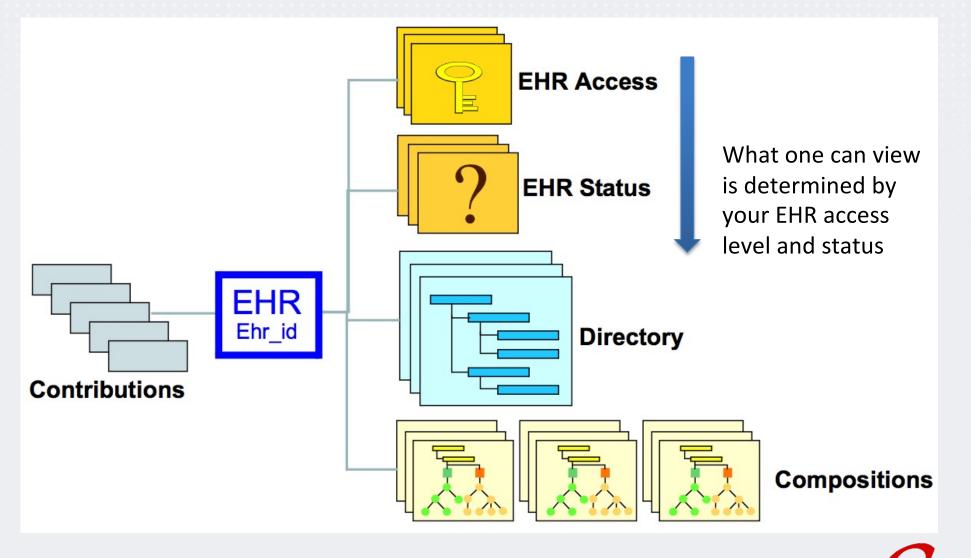


OpenEHR Architecture - RM EHR Information Model

- EHR information Model Parts Cont.
 - Composition → Holds clinical and administrative information produced during a clinical activity.
 - Patient's cases, number of diseases, and chronological order
 - Every Composition has a Section
 - Section briefly describes the contents of **composition**
 - Section is used for searching of data in an EHR
 - EHR_Entry→ Holds a single clinical statement/concepts for representing the activity in health care process
 - EHR_Enty types
 - EHR_Enrty has a *clusters* and *items*
 - » Cluster: represent a *complex* entry such as test result, ante-natal visit, etc.
 - » Item: represents a *single* entry that contains a data value for a specific type



openEHR EHR: High-level Structure





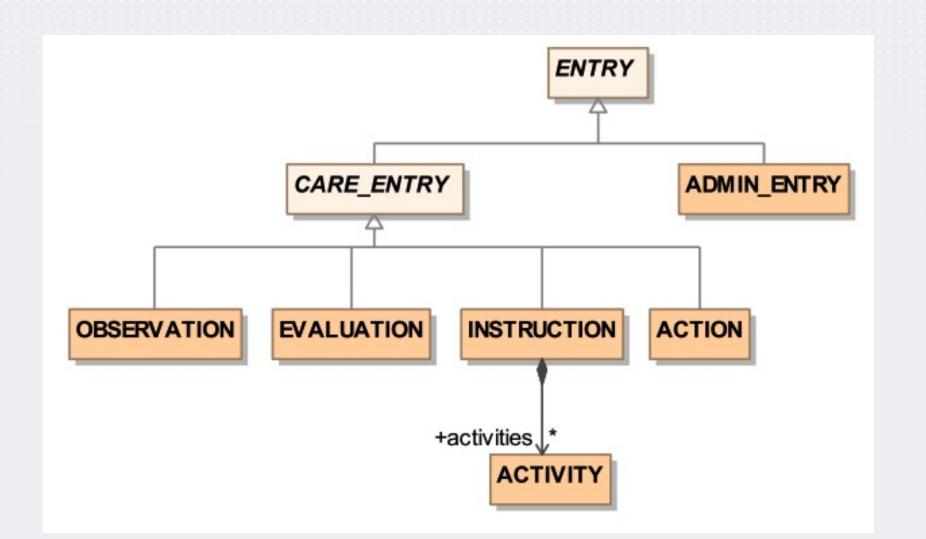
© HiCure 2015-2018

OpenEHR Reference Model EHR Information Model - Entry Types

- OpenEHR Entry is categorised into <u>five types</u>:
 - OBSERVATION
 - Recording information about **patient's status**
 - Anything measured by a clinician, a laboratory, or reported by the patient as a symptom, event or concern
 - EVALUATION
 - Recording opinions & summary statements (usually clinical)
 - Examples \rightarrow Problems, diagnoses, risk assessments, goals, etc.
 - Generally, based on **Observation evidence**
 - INSTRUCTION
 - Recording orders, prescriptions, directives and any other requested interventions
 - ACTION
 - Recording actions, which may be due to Instructions such as drug administrations, procedures, etc.
 - ADMIN_ENTRY
 - Recording administrative events
 - Examples → admission, discharge, consent, etc.

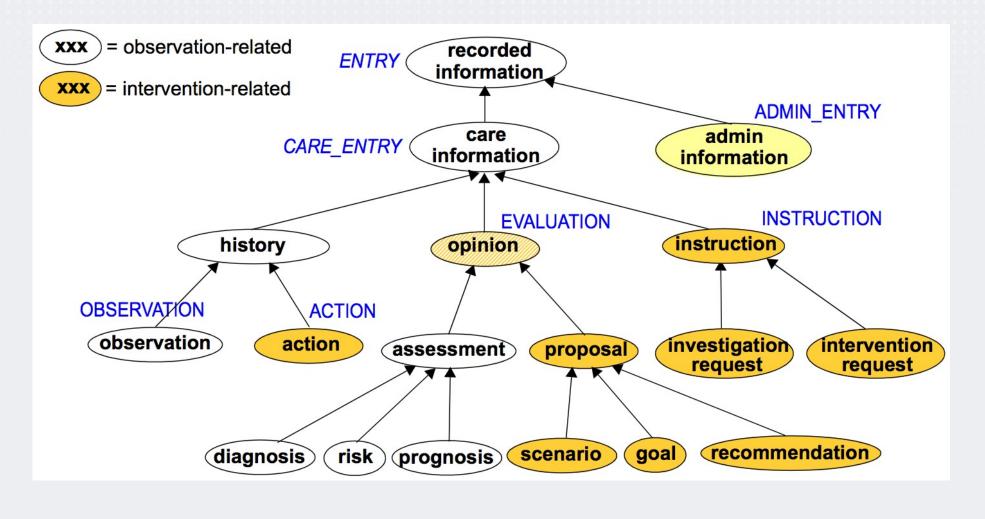


OpenEHR Reference Model EHR Information Model - Entry Types





openEHR: Ontology of Recorded Information





© HiCure 2015-2018

*Open*EHR Archetype Model

2. Archetype Model

- Clinical in nature (used for representing clinical information)
- Allowing clinician and domain specialists to be involved in the development of ontology concepts (archetypes) based on domain constraints

- <u>Archetype</u>:

- A machine readable specification for a **single, discrete clinical concept** that is defined as a set of **Constraints** on an information model
- Archetype key feature → complete separation of information models (such as database schemas) from domain models
- Providing a a way to formally define **re-usable clinical concepts** and **group of reusable concepts** definitions
- Archetype can be re-used in numerous contexts

