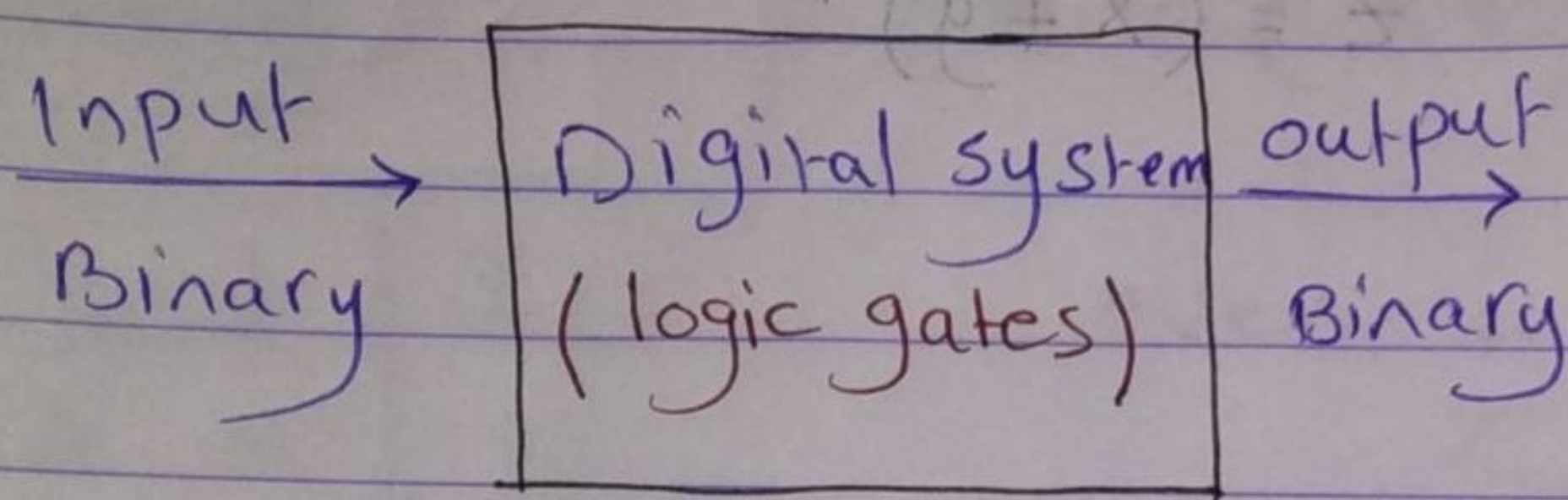


## Chapter 2 Boolean algebra and logic gates.



logic gates :- is used in all of today's computers and devices, and the cost of the circuits that implement is an important factor addressed by designer

Boolean algebra :- Mathematical system consist of :-

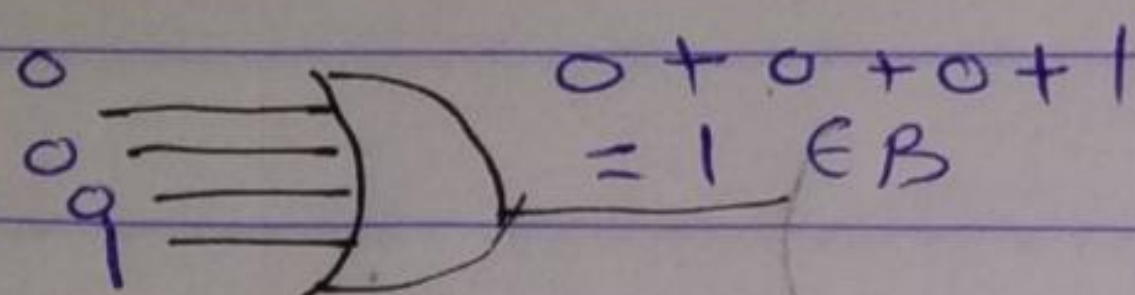
- ① set of elements  $B \in \{0, 1\}$ .
- ② set of operators  $(+, \cdot, \text{not}, \text{XOR}, \text{--})$ .
- ③ set of postulates  $\text{قوانين}$



## Rules For Boolean Algebra :-

- ① **Closure** :- The operator  $+$  and  $\cdot$  are closed for all  $x, y \in B$ .

$$\begin{array}{l} x + y \in B \\ x \cdot y \in B \end{array}$$

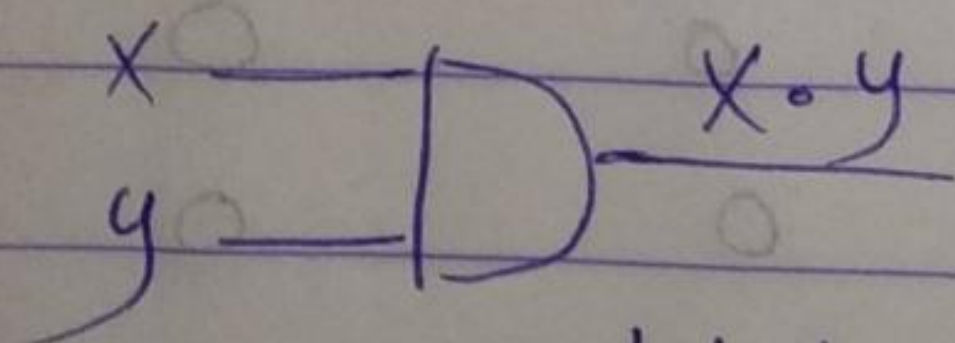


- ② **Identity** :-  $0$  is the Identity element for  $+$   
 $1$  is the Identity element for  $\cdot$

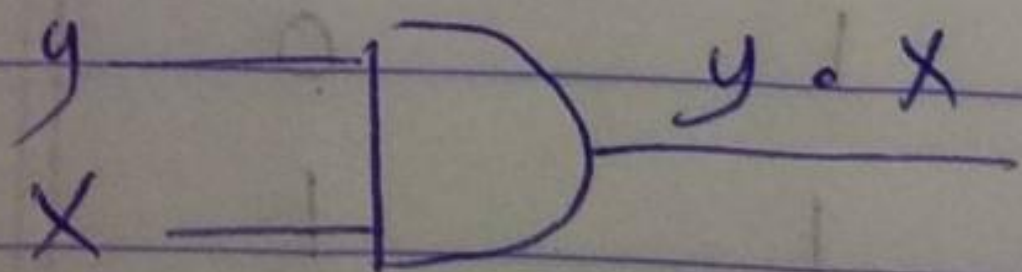
$$x + 0 = x$$

$$x \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} x$$

- ③ **Commutative** :-  $x + y = y + x$   
 $x \cdot y = y \cdot x$



||| (the same)



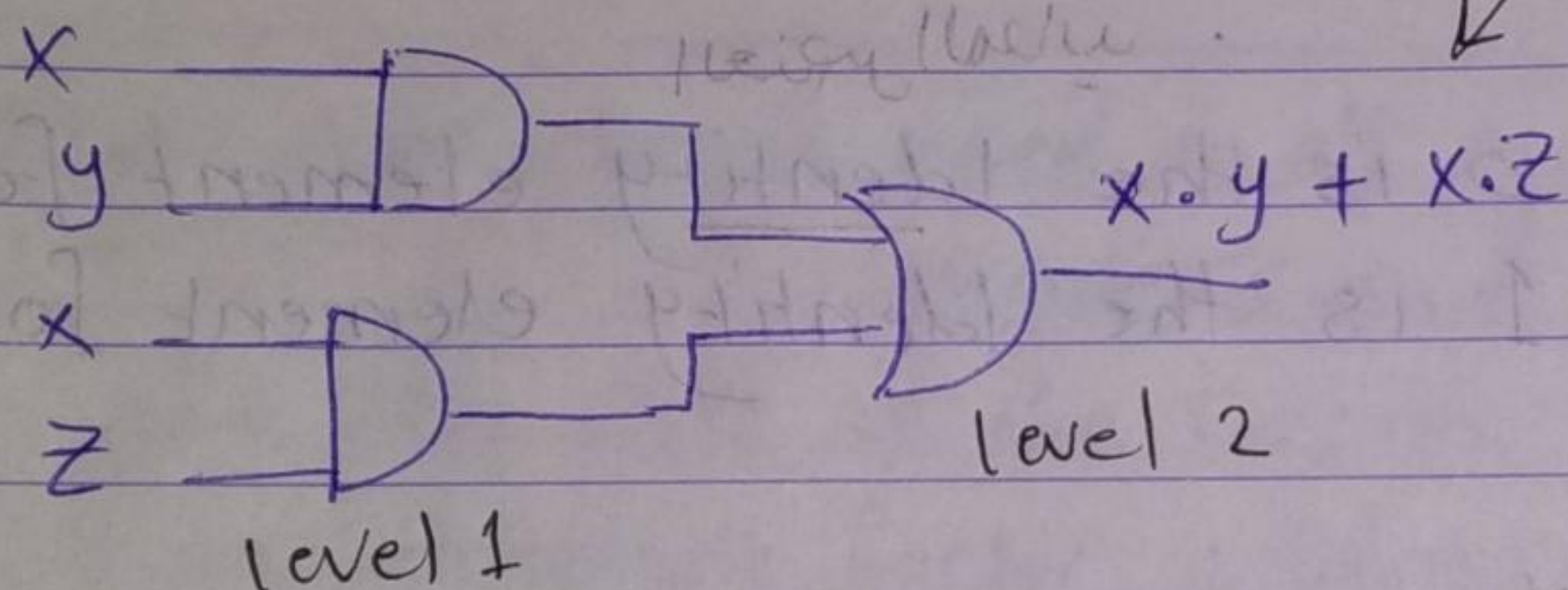
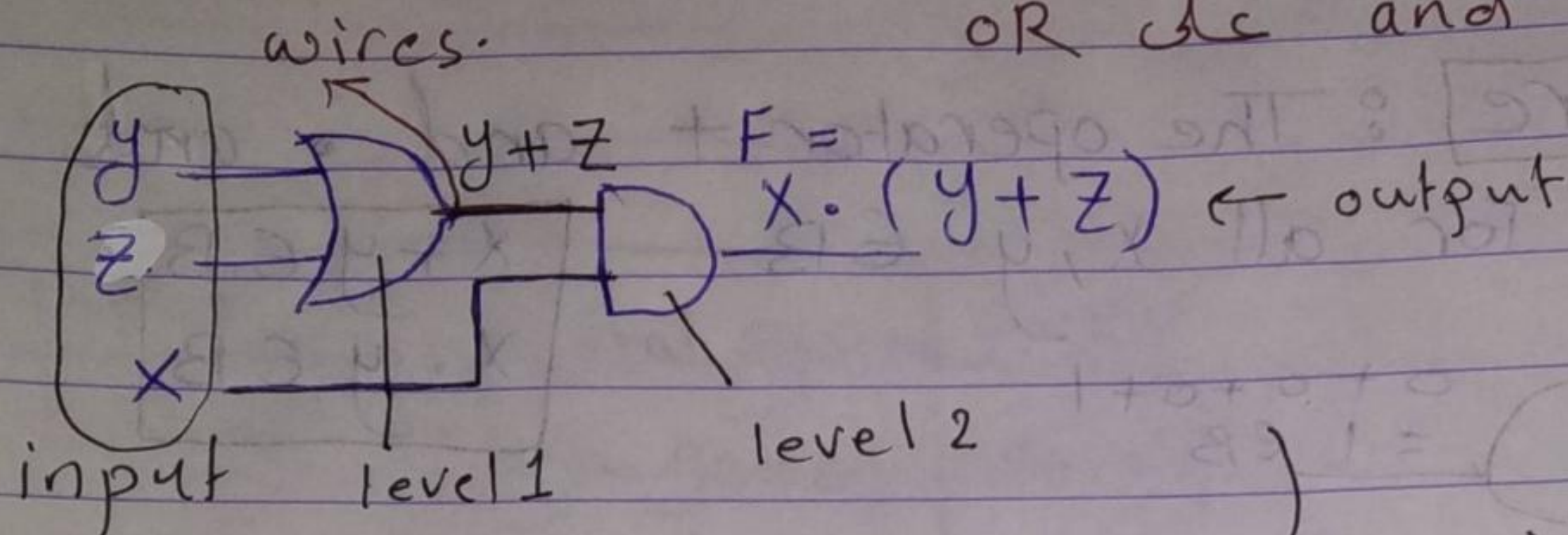
$$0 + 1 \equiv 1 + 0$$

$$0 \cdot 1 \equiv 1 \cdot 0$$



④ Distributed :-  $X \cdot (y + z) = X \cdot y + X \cdot z$

OR gate and توزيع

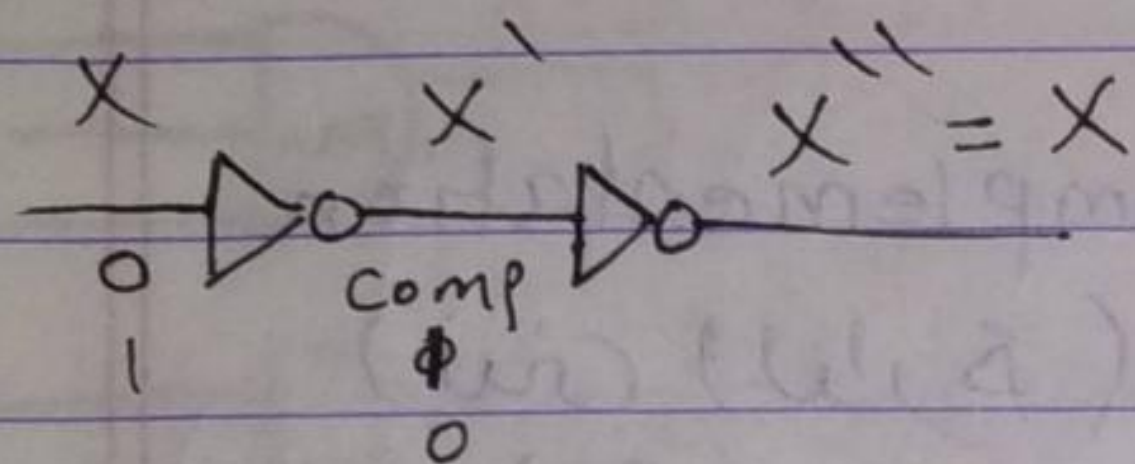


X	y	z	$y+z$	$X \cdot (y+z)$	$X \cdot y$	$X \cdot z$	$X \cdot y + X \cdot z$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



## ⑤ The Complement.

The complement of  $X$  is  $X'$ ,  $\bar{X}$ ,  $X'$   
 the complement 0 is 1  
 and complement 1 is 0



## ⑥ Demorgan Law.

$$(X + Y)' = X' \cdot Y'$$

Truth table

$X$	$Y$	$X + Y$	$(X + Y)'$	$\bar{X} \bar{Y}$	$\bar{X} \cdot \bar{Y}$
0	0	0	1	1 1	1
0	1	1	0	1 0	0
1	0	1	0	0 1	0
1	1	1	0	0 0	0

$$(X \cdot Y)' = \bar{X} + \bar{Y}$$

$X$	$Y$	$X \cdot Y$	$(X \cdot Y)'$	$\bar{X}$	$\bar{Y}$	$\bar{X} + \bar{Y}$
0	0	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	0



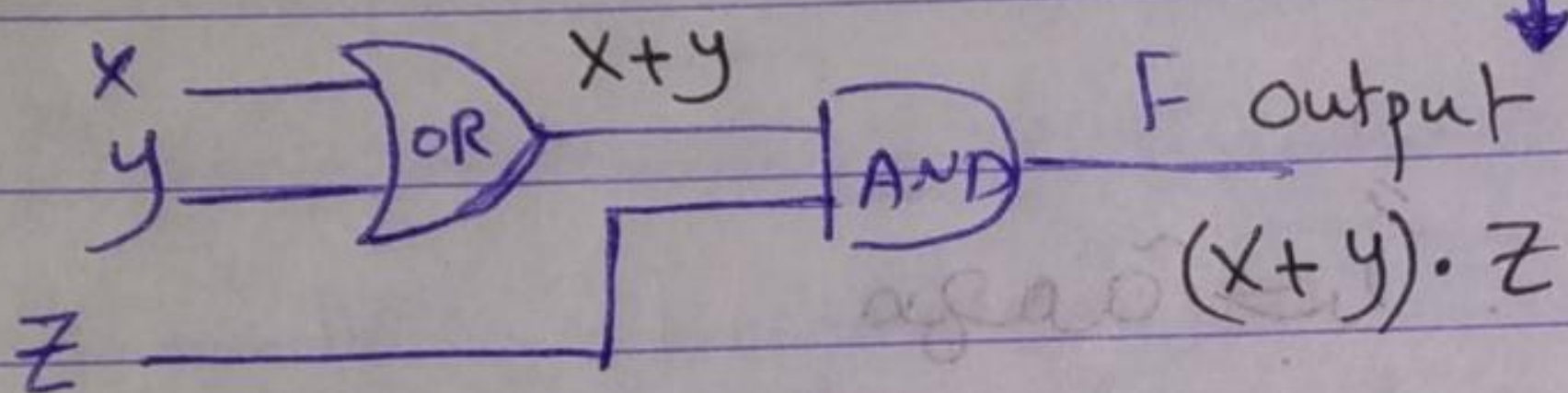
Boolean Function - Expression formed with Boolean variable, operator (+, ., ~) and equal sign.

$$F = (X + Y) \cdot Z \quad \leftarrow \text{Function}$$

variables  
operator  
equal.

Implementation

(X, Y, Z)



$$F = (X \cdot Z) + (Y \cdot Z)$$

input

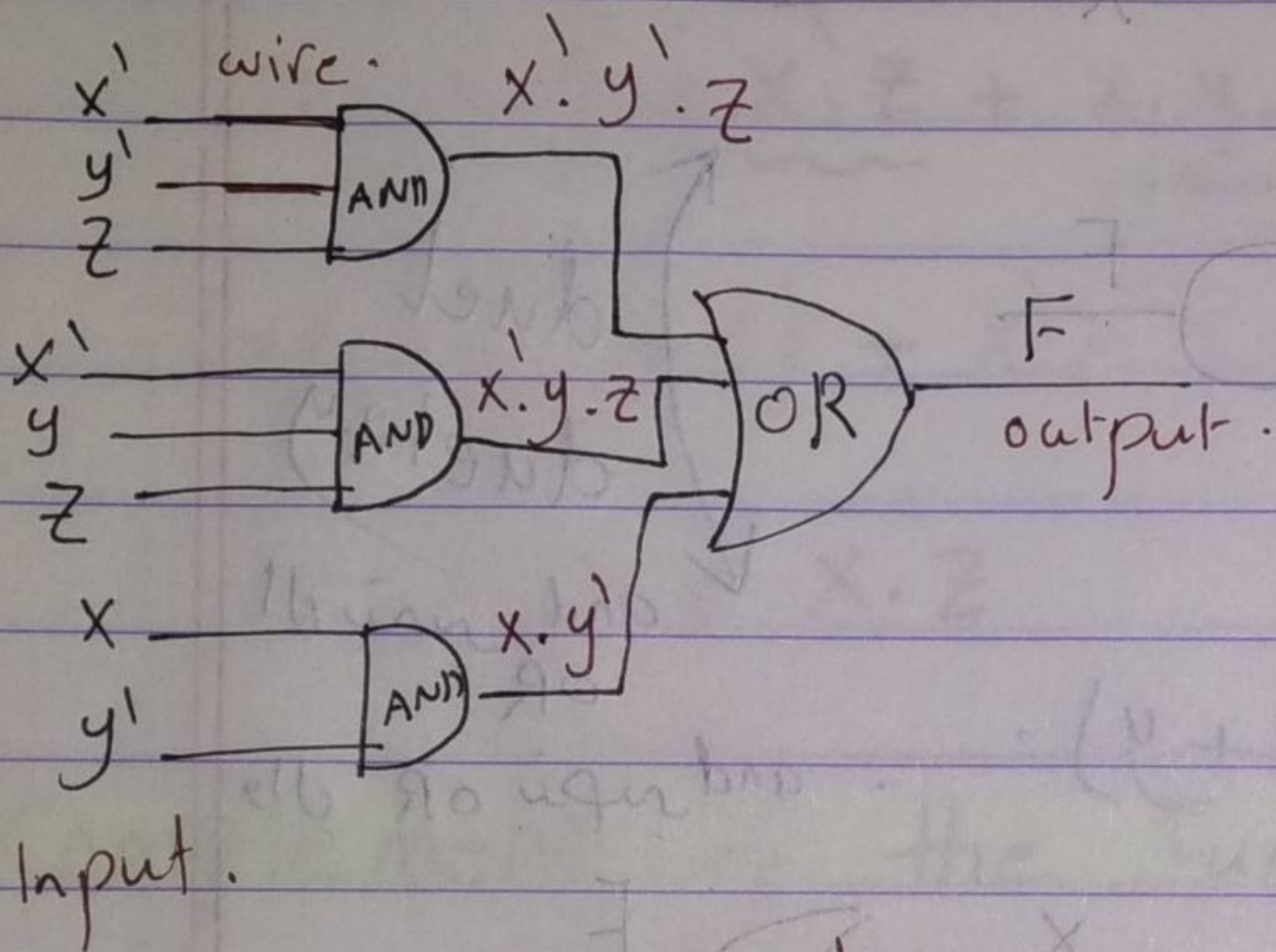
X	Y	Z	F = (X+Y) · Z
0	0	0	0 (0+0) · 0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1



Implement the Following Function. - سوال نمبر ۰۸

$$F = \underbrace{X' \cdot y' \cdot Z}_{\text{And}} + \underbrace{X' \cdot y \cdot Z}_{\text{And}} + \underbrace{X \cdot y'}_{\text{And}} \cdot X = F$$

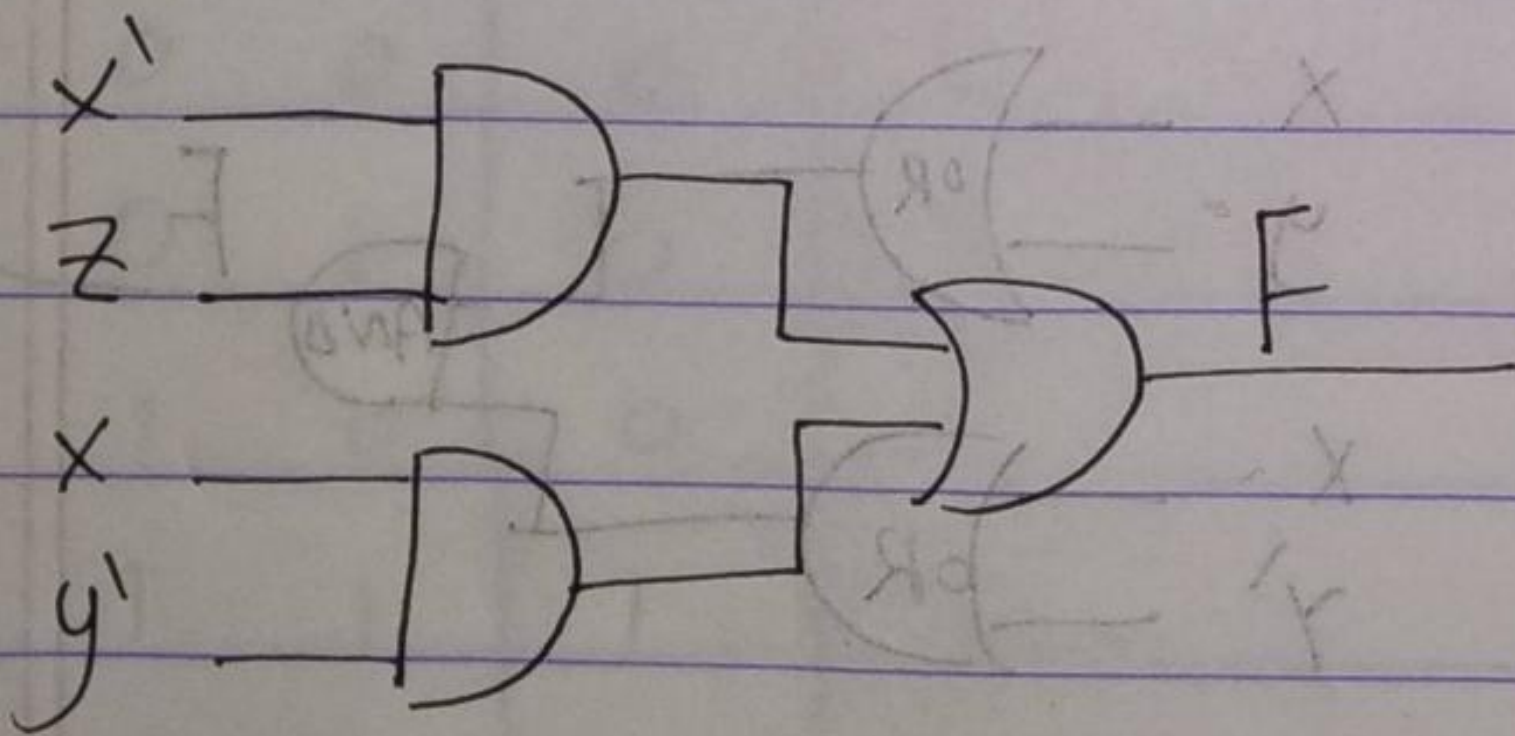
$$X \text{ OR } X + X \cdot X = F$$



نقشہ

$$F = X'Z(y' + y) + Xy'$$

$$F = X'Z \cdot (1) + Xy' = X'Z + Xy'$$

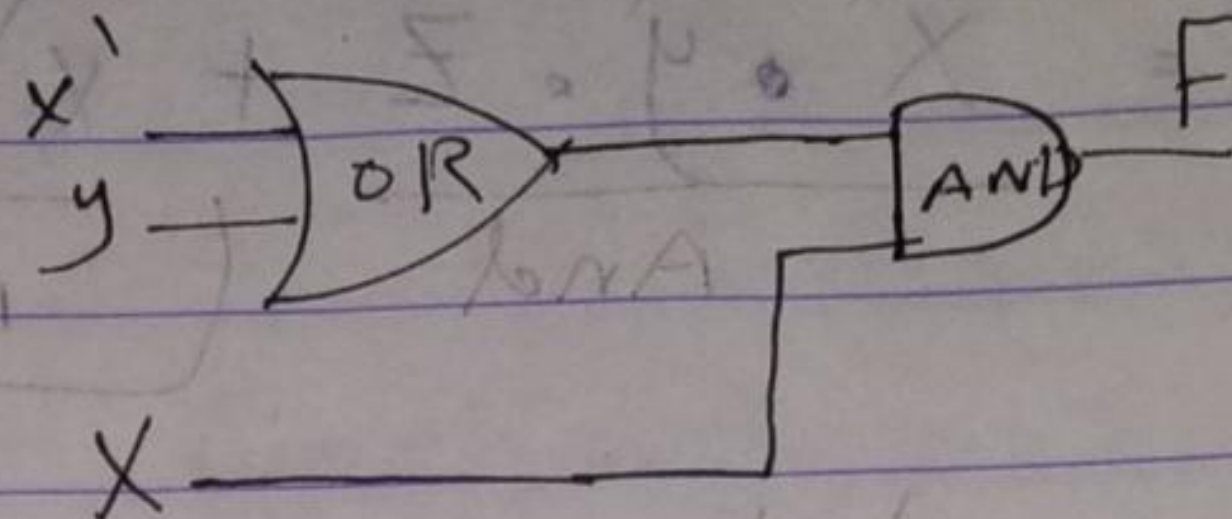




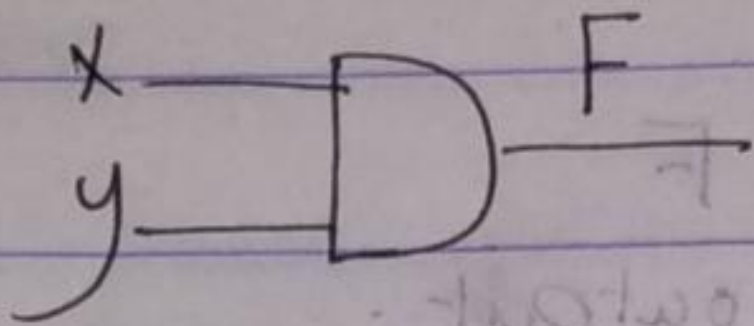
example Minimize the following function.

$$F = X \cdot (X' + y)$$

$$F = \underline{X \cdot X'} + X \cdot y$$



$$F = X \cdot y$$



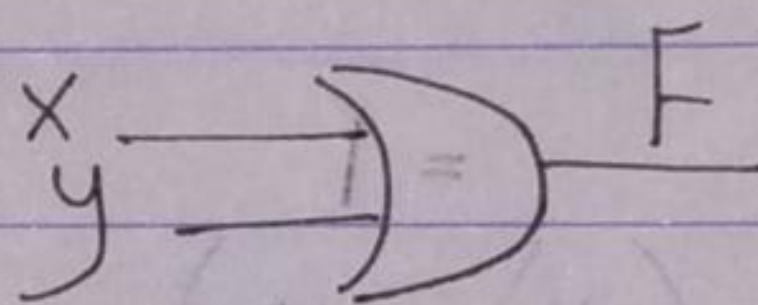
↑  
dual  
duality  
↓

ex

$$F = X + (X' \cdot y)$$

$$= \underline{(X + X')} \cdot (X + y)$$

$$F = \underline{(X + X')} \cdot (X + y)$$



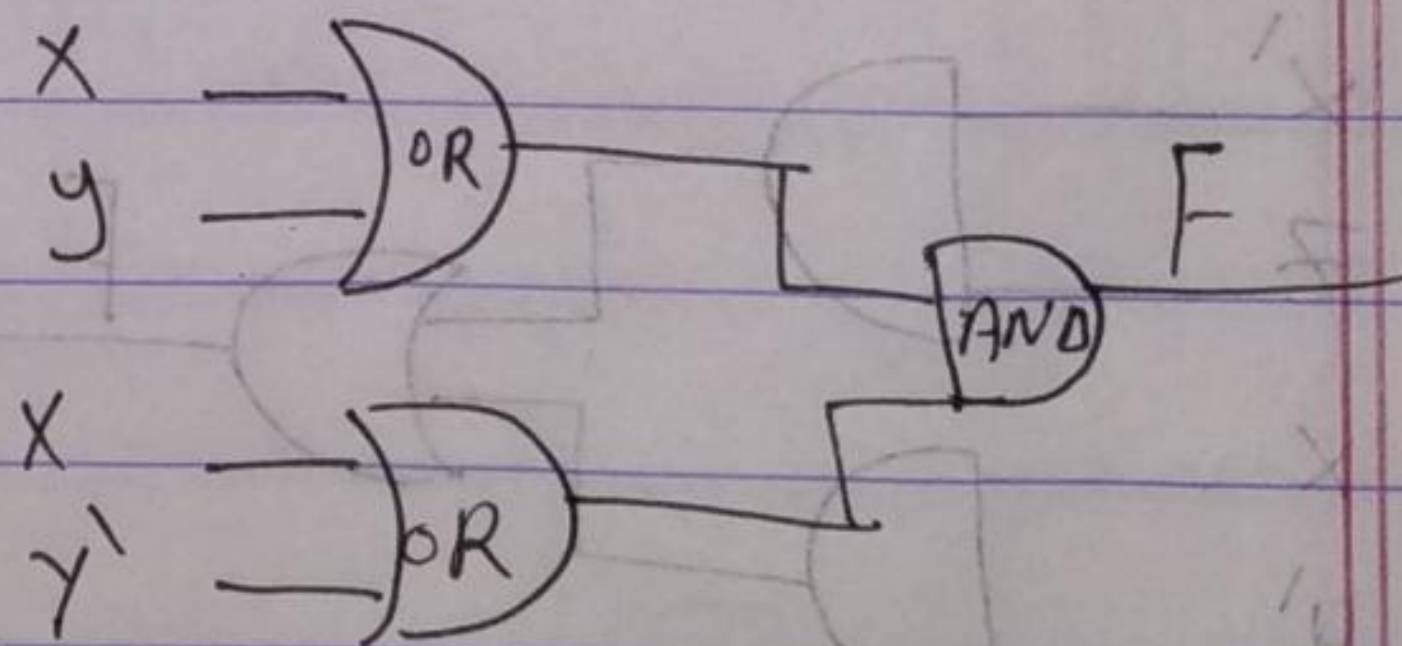
ex

$$F = (X + y) \cdot (X + y')$$

$$F = (X \cdot X) + (X \cdot y') + (X \cdot y) + \underline{(y \cdot y')}$$

$$F = X + X \cdot y' + X \cdot y$$

$$F = X(1 + y' + y) = X$$



$$F = (X + y) \cdot (X + y') \rightarrow \text{مربعه ذات ابعدين}$$

$$F = X + \underline{(y \cdot y')} = X$$

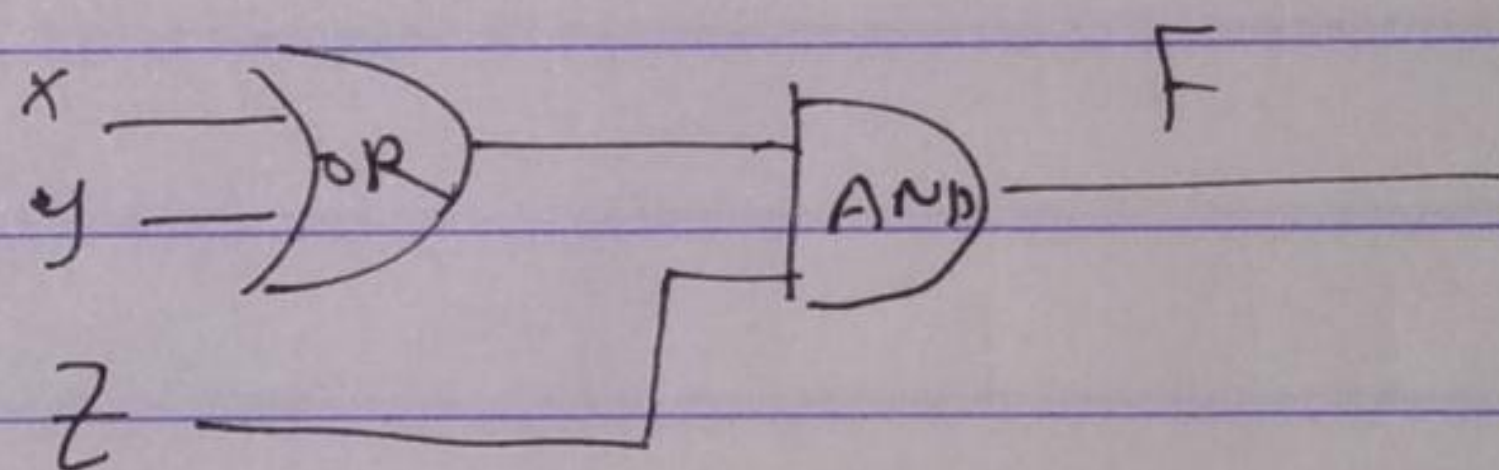


ex Minimize the Following Function.

$$\begin{aligned} F &= X \cdot y + X' \cdot Z + y \cdot Z \\ &= X \cdot y + X' \cdot Z + y \cdot Z \cdot \underline{(X + X')} \\ &= \underline{X \cdot y} + \underline{X' \cdot Z} + \underline{X \cdot y \cdot Z} + \underline{X' \cdot y \cdot Z} \\ &= X \cdot y (1 + Z) + X' \cdot Z (1 + y) \\ &= X \cdot y + X' \cdot Z \end{aligned}$$

Complement of the Function.

$$F = (X + y) \cdot Z$$



x	y	z	F	F'
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0

$$\begin{aligned} F' &= (X + y)' + Z' \\ &= (X' \cdot y') + Z' \end{aligned}$$



ex  $F = [X \cdot (Y'Z' + YZ)]'$

$$F' = X' + (Y'Z' + YZ)'$$

$$F' = X' + (Y'Z')' \cdot (YZ)'$$

$$F' = X' + (Y + Z) \cdot (Y' + Z')$$

$$F' = X' + (YY' + YZ' + Y'Z + ZZ')$$

$$F' = X' + YZ' + Y'Z$$

Canonical and Standard Forms :-

$$F = \underbrace{(X \cdot Y)}_{\text{term 1}} + \underbrace{Z}_{\text{term 2}}$$

By Distributive

$$F = X'Y + Z' + X'Y' + XY' + XYZ + XY'Z$$

palestine → Texas (Implementation)

← هذا هو الشكل القياسي  
Canonical form



Canonical form :-  $\sum$  of minterms (SOS) designer

Note : IF we have 2 variables  $x, y$

$F(x, y) = 4$  combinations.  
output input

$x \cdot y, x' \cdot y, x \cdot y', x' \cdot y'$

$n$  variables  $\Rightarrow 2^n$  combinations.

$2 \Rightarrow 2^2, 3 \Rightarrow 2^3$

= each combination called minterm, denoted by  $m_i, 0 \leq i \leq 2^n - 1$

ex Function consist of 3 variables.

8 combinations.  $\rightarrow 2^3 - 1 = 8 - 1 = 7$

$m_0$	$\rightarrow$ minterm 0
$m_1$	$\rightarrow$ minterm 1
$m_2$	
$m_3$	
$m_4$	
$m_5$	
$m_6$	
$m_7$	

8.



Canonical forms :-

① Sum of minterms (SOM).

② Product of Maxterm (POM).

ex Function 3 variables  $\equiv 2^3 = 8$  Combination.

$F(x, y, z)$ .

And  $\text{term} = \text{term}$

x	y	z	Minterm		Maxterm	
			term	Designed	term	Designed
0	0	0	$x'y'z'$	$m_0$	$x+y+z$	$M_0$
0	0	1	$x'y'z$	$m_1$	$x+y+z'$	$M_1$
0	1	0	$x'yz'$	$m_2$	$x+y'+z$	$M_2$
0	1	1	$x'yz$	$m_3$	$x+y'+z'$	$M_3$
1	0	0	$xy'z'$	$m_4$	$x'+y+z$	$M_4$
1	0	1	$xy'z$	$m_5$	$x'+y+z'$	$M_5$
1	1	0	$xyz'$	$m_6$	$x'+y'+z$	$M_6$
1	1	1	$xyz$	$m_7$	$x'+y'+z'$	$M_7$



ex  $F(x, y, z) = \underbrace{x'y'z'}_{\text{term1 } 0'.0'.0'} + \underbrace{x.y.z}_{\text{term2 } 1.1.1}$  minterms

$F(x, y, z) = m_0 + m_7 = \sum(0, 7)$

ex  $F(x, y, z) = \underbrace{x'yz}_{\text{minterms } 0'.1.1} + \underbrace{xy'z}_{1.0'.1} + \underbrace{xyz}_{1.1.1}$   
 $= m_3 + m_5 + m_7$   
 $= \sum(3, 5, 7)$

ex What is boolean function.

$F(x, y, z) = \sum 0, 3, 5, 7$

$= m_0 + m_3 + m_5 + m_7$

$\begin{matrix} 000 & 011 & 101 & 111 \end{matrix}$   
 $= x'y'z' + x'yz + xy'z + xyz$

ex  $F(A, B, C) = \sum(0, 2, 7)$  Truth Table.

A	B	C	F
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

$= m_0 + m_2 + m_7$

$= 000 \quad 010 \quad 111$

$= A'B'C' + A'BC' + ABC$

$0'.0'.0' + 0'.0'.1 + 1.1.1$

$1 + 0 + 1 = 2$



ex Find the truth table and mathematical expression for the following.

$$F(A, B, C, D) \sum 0, 1, 15$$

0000    0001    1111

A	B	C	D	F
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1

15



ex  $F(x, y, z) = (x + y + z) \cdot (x' + y' + z')$

$\begin{matrix} 0 & + & 0 & + & 0 & & 1' & + & 1' & + & 1' \\ M_0 & & & & & & M_2 \end{matrix}$

$= \prod (0, 7)$

ex  $F(A, B, C, D) = (A + B + C + D') \cdot (A + B' + C + D)$

$\begin{matrix} = (0 + 0 + 0 + 1') \cdot (0 + 1' + 0 + 0) \\ M_1 & + & M_4 \\ = \prod (1, 4) \end{matrix}$

ex  $F(A, B, C) = \prod (0, 2, 6)$  Truth table

$M_0 \cdot M_2 \cdot M_6$

$000 \quad 010 \quad 110$

A	B	C	F	
0	0	0	0	$(A+B+C) \cdot (A+B'+C) \cdot (A'+B'+C)$
0	0	1	1	$(0+0+0) \cdot (0+0'+0) \cdot (0'+0'+0)$
0	1	0	0	$0 \cdot 1 \cdot 1$
0	1	1	1	$(0+0+1) \cdot (0+0'+1) \cdot (0'+0'+1)$
1	0	0	1	$1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1$
1	0	1	1	
1	1	0	0	
1	1	1	1	



$$F_1(A, B, C) = \sum 0, 2, 6 \text{ SOM}$$

$$1 + 0 + 0 = m_0 + m_2 + m_6$$

A B C

F<sub>1</sub>M

0 0 0

1

0 0 1

0

0 1 0

1

0 1 1

0

1 0 0

0

1 0 1

0

1 1 0

1

1 1 1

0

سے ہیں

$$F_2(A, B, C) = \prod 0, 2, 6 \text{ POM}$$

A B C

F<sub>2</sub>M

0 0 0

0

0 0 1

1

0 1 0

0

0 1 1

1

1 0 0

1

1 0 1

1

1 1 0

0

1 1 1

1



ex Express the following Function in Product of maxterm?

$$F(A, B, C) = \sum 0, 2, 5$$

Sum of minterms.

$$||| = m_0 + m_2 + m_5$$

$$F(A, B, C) = \prod (1, 3, 4, 6, 7)$$

$$= M_1 \cdot M_3 \cdot M_4 \cdot M_6 \cdot M_7$$

A	B	C	F	F'
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0

Express complement of F

in product of maxterm.

$$F(A, B, C) = \prod (0, 2, 5)$$

ex Express the following Function in <sup>①</sup>sum of minterm  
 ② complement function in SOM, POM.

A	B	C	F	F'
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0

$$F(A, B, C) = \prod (0, 1, 6)$$

$$F(A, B, C) = \sum (2, 3, 4, 5, 7)$$

$$F'(A, B, C) = \sum 0, 1, 6$$

$$F'(A, B, C) = \prod (2, 3, 4, 5, 7)$$



ex Express the Following Function in Sum of minterm  $F(A, B, C) = A + A'C$

Sum of minterm =  $\square + \square + \square$   
term variable

Solution #1

$$F = A + A'C$$

$$F = A \cdot (\underbrace{B' + B}) + A'C(\underbrace{B + B'})$$

$$= A \cdot B' + AB + A'BC + A'B'C$$

$$= A \cdot B'(C + C') + AB(C + C') + A'BC + A'B'C$$

$$= \underbrace{AB'C}_{101} + \underbrace{AB'C'}_{100} + \underbrace{ABC}_{111} + \underbrace{ABC'}_{110} + \underbrace{A'BC}_{011} + \underbrace{A'B'C}_{001}$$

$$= \sum 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7$$

Solution #2

$$A \ B \ C \mid F = A + A'C = \sum 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7$$

$$0 \ 0 \ 0 \mid 0 \ 0 + 0 \cdot 0$$

$$0 \ 0 \ 1 \mid 1 \ 0 + 1 \cdot 0$$

$$0 \ 1 \ 0 \mid 0 \ 0 + 0 \cdot 1$$

$$0 \ 1 \ 1 \mid 1 \ 1 + -$$

$$1 \ 0 \ 0 \mid 1 \ 1 + -$$

$$1 \ 0 \ 1 \mid 1 \ 1 + -$$

$$1 \ 1 \ 0 \mid 1 \ 1 + -$$

$$1 \ 1 \ 1 \mid 1 \ 1 + -$$



ex  $F(x, y, z) = x \cdot y + x' \cdot z$  [POM]

Solution # 1

X	y	z	F = $x \cdot y + x' \cdot z$	$F(A, B, C) = \Pi(0, 2, 4, 5)$
0	0	0	0 $0 \cdot 0 + 0' \cdot 0$	
0	0	1	1 $0 \cdot 0 + 0' \cdot 1$	
0	1	0	0 $0 \cdot 1 + 0' \cdot 0$	
0	1	1	1 $0 \cdot 1 + 0' \cdot 1$	
1	0	0	0 $1 \cdot 0 + 1' \cdot 0$	
1	0	1	1 $1 \cdot 0 + 1' \cdot 1$	
1	1	0	1 $1 \cdot 1 + -$	
1	1	1	1 $1 \cdot 1 + -$	

Solution # 2

$$F = x \cdot y + x' \cdot z$$

$$= (x \cdot y (z + z')) + x' \cdot z (y + y')$$

$$= x \cdot y \cdot z + x \cdot y \cdot z' + x' \cdot y \cdot z + x' \cdot y' \cdot z$$

$$= m_7 + m_6 + m_3 + m_1$$

$$F = \sum 1, 3, 6, 7$$

$$F = \Pi(0, 2, 4, 5)$$



Solution #3.

$$F(x, y, z) = (x \cdot y + x' \cdot z) [POM]$$

$$= w + (x' \cdot z)$$

$$= (w + x') \cdot (w + z)$$

$$= [(x \cdot y) + x'] \cdot [(x \cdot y) + z]$$

$$= (x' + x) \cdot (x' + y) \cdot (x + z) \cdot (y + z)$$

$$= (x' + y) \cdot (x + z) \cdot (y + z)$$

$$= \underbrace{(x' + y + z \cdot z')}_{w_1} \cdot \underbrace{(x + z + y \cdot y')}_{w_2} \cdot \underbrace{(y + z + x \cdot x')}_{w_3}$$

$$= (w_1 + z) \cdot (w_1 + z') \cdot (w_2 + y) \cdot (w_2 + y') \cdot (w_3 + x)$$

$$= \underbrace{(x' + y + z)}_{\substack{1 \ 0 \ 0 \\ 4}} \cdot \underbrace{(x' + y + z')}_{\substack{1 \ 0 \ 1 \\ 5}} \cdot \underbrace{(x + y + z)}_{\substack{0 \ 0 \ 0 \\ 0}} \cdot \underbrace{(x + y' + z)}_{\substack{0 \ 1 \ 0 \\ 2}} \cdot \underbrace{(x + y + z)}_{\substack{1 \ 0 \ 0 \\ 4}}$$

$$= \Pi(0, 2, 4, 5)$$



## \* Standard Form :-

① Sum of product

(فیش فی C)

$$F(A, B, C) = \underbrace{A \cdot B}_{\text{prod}} + \underbrace{A \cdot B \cdot C'}_{\text{prod}} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Sum of minterm } \times \\ \text{Sum of product } \checkmark \end{array}$$

ex  $F(A, B, C) = A \cdot B \cdot C' + A' \cdot B \cdot C$  sum of minterm  $\checkmark$   
sum of product  $\checkmark$

② product of sum

$$F(A, B, C) = (A + B) \cdot (A' + B + C)$$

product of maxterm  $\times$   
product of sum  $\checkmark$

ex  $F(A, B, C) = (A + B) \cdot (A + \underline{B \cdot C})$  (none)

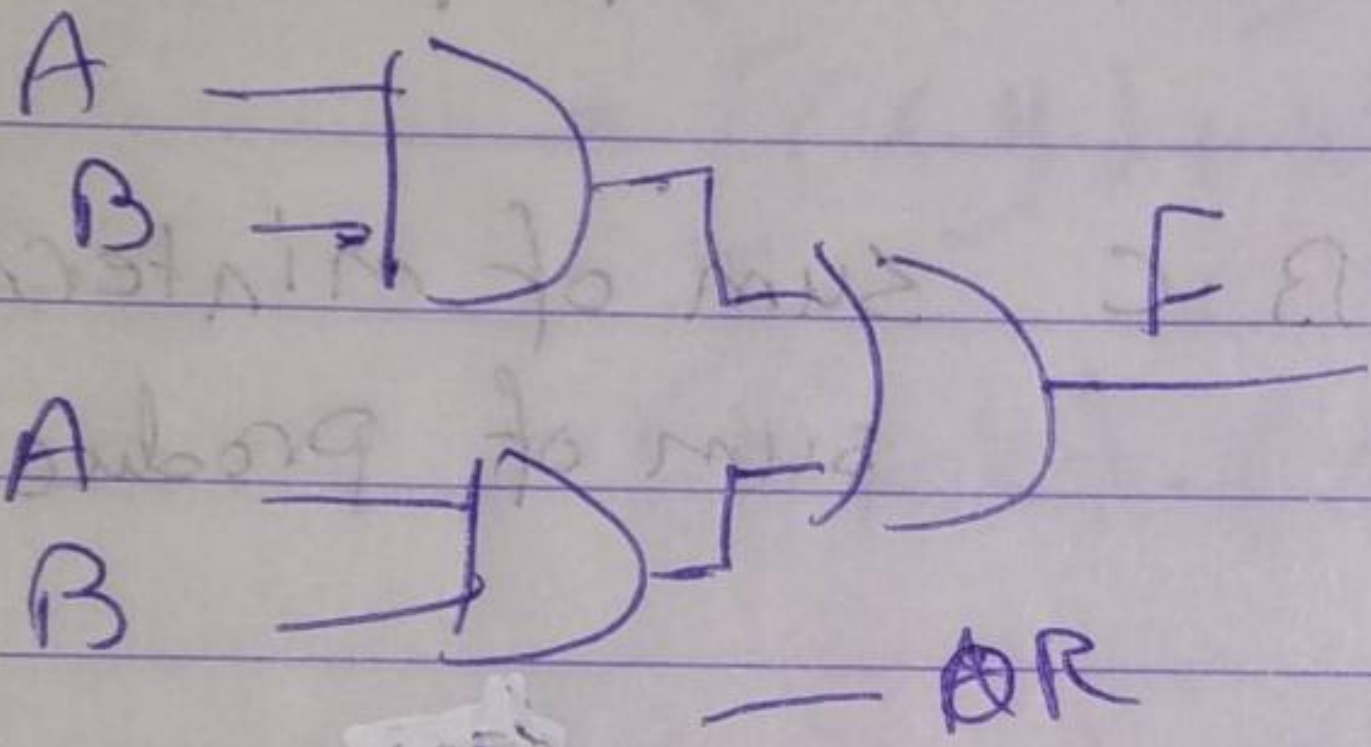
ex  $F(A, B, C) = (A + B) \cdot (A' + B' + C')$   
product of sum  $\checkmark$



Note :- ① Sum of product

$$F(A, B, C) = (A \cdot B) + A' \cdot B' \cdot C'$$

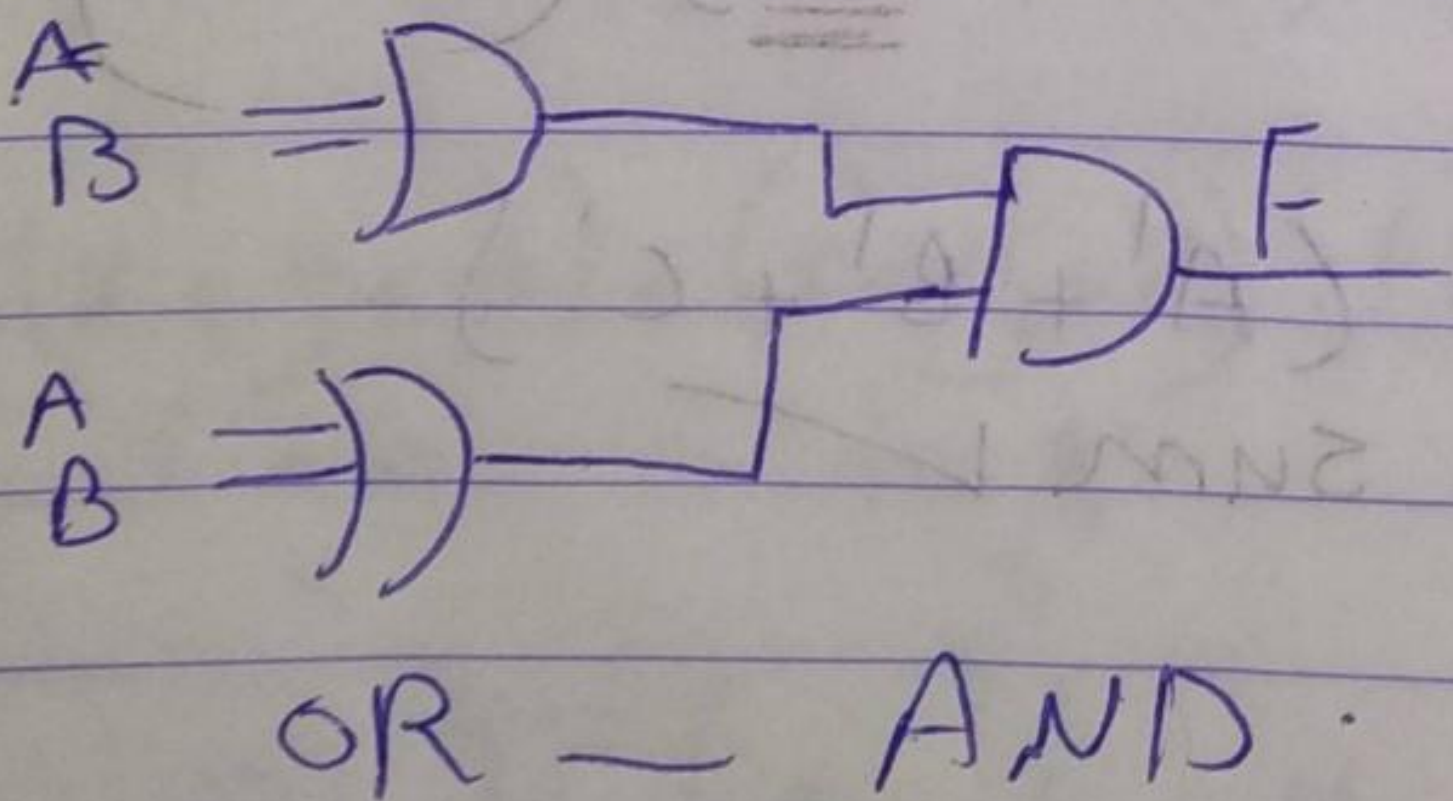
SOP, SOM ← and الليقة الأولى  
OR ← والليقة الثاني



② product of Sum

$$F(A, B, C) = (A + B) \cdot (A' + B' + C')$$

POS, POM ← الليقة الأولى  
AND ← والليقة الثاني



OR — AND