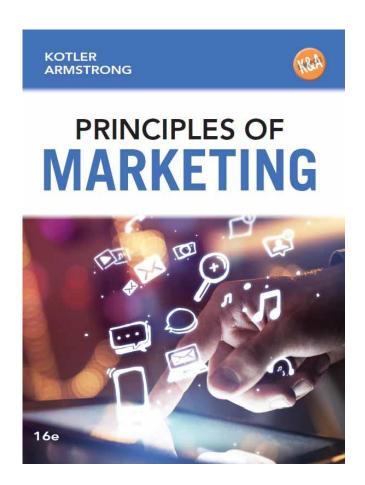
Principles of Marketing

Sixteenth Edition



Chapter 5 Consumer Markets and

Buyer Behavior



Consumer Markets and Buyer Behavior (1 of 2)



GoPro's amazing little cameras let even the rankest video amateurs take stunning videos, giving them a way to celebrate the action-charged moments and emotions of their lives with others.



GoPro

Learning Objectives

- 5.1 Define the consumer market and construct a simple model of consumer buyer behavior.
- 5.2 Name the four major factors that influence consumer buyer behavior.
- 5.3 List and define the major types of buying decision behavior and the stages in the buyer decision process.
- **5.4** Describe the adoption and diffusion process for new products.



Learning Objective 5.1 (1 of 2)

 Define the consumer market and construct a simple model of consumer buyer behavior.

Model of Consumer Behavior



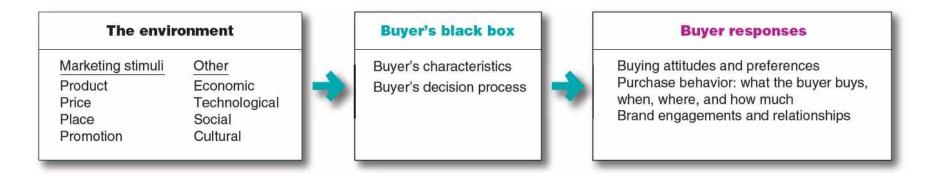
Consumer Markets and Buyer Behavior

- Consumer buyer behavior is the buying behavior of final consumers—individuals and households that buy goods and services for personal consumption.
- Consumer markets are made up of all the individuals and households that buy or acquire goods and services for personal consumption.



Model of Consumer Behavior

Figure 5.1 The Model of Buyer Behavior





Learning Objective 5.1 (2 of 2)

 Define the consumer market and construct a simple model of consumer buyer behavior.

Model of Consumer Behavior



Learning Objective 5.2 (1 of 2)

 Name the four major factors that influence consumer buyer behavior.

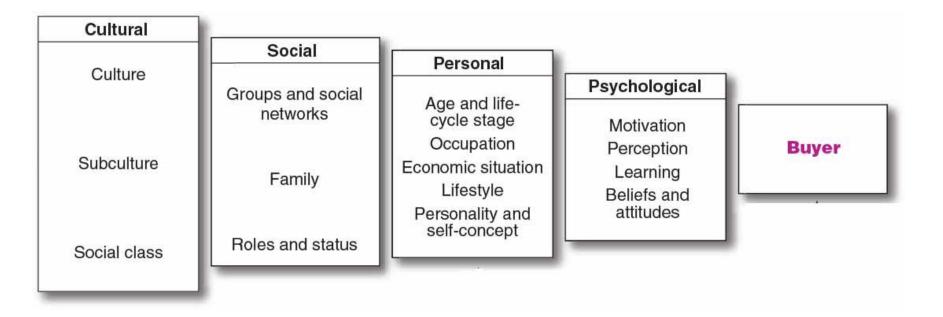
Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (1 of 20)

Cultural Factors

Figure 5.2 Factors Influencing Consumer Behavior





Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (2 of 20)

Cultural Factors

 Culture is the set of basic values, perceptions, wants, and behaviors learned by a member of society from family and other important institutions.



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (3 of 20)

Cultural Factors

 Subcultures are groups of people within a culture with shared value systems based on common life experiences and situations.





Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (4 of 20)

Cultural Factors

- Social classes are society's relatively permanent and ordered divisions whose members share similar values, interests, and behaviors.
- Measured as a combination of occupation, income, education, wealth, and other variables



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (5 of 20)

Cultural Factors

- Major American Social Classes
 - Upper Class
 - Middle Class
 - Working Class
 - Lower Class



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (6 of 20)

Social Factors

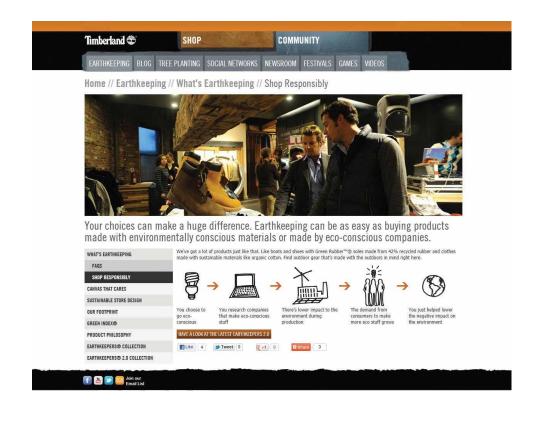
- Groups and Social Networks
 - Membership Groups
 - Groups with direct influence and to which a person belongs
 - Aspirational Groups
 - Groups an individual wishes to belong to
 - Reference Groups
 - Groups that form a comparison or reference in forming attitudes or behavior



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (7 of 20)

Social Factors

- Groups and Social Networks
 - Online social networks
 - Buzz marketing
 - Social media sites
 - Virtual worlds
 - Word of mouth
 - Opinion leaders





Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (8 of 20)

Social Factors

- Family is the most important consumer-buying organization in society.
- Role and status can be defined by a person's position in a group.



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (9 of 20)

Personal Factors

- Age and life-cycle stage
- PRIZM Lifestage Groups system
 - 66 segments
 - 11 life-stage groups



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (10 of 20)

Personal Factors

- Occupation affects the goods and services bought by consumers.
- Economic situations include trends in:
 - Spending
 - Personal income
 - Savings
 - Interest rates



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (11 of 20)

Personal Factors

 Lifestyle is a person's pattern of living as expressed in his or her psychographics.





Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (12 of 20)

Personal Factors

 Personality refers to the unique psychological characteristics that distinguish a person or group.





Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (13 of 20)

Personal Factors

- Brand Personality Traits
 - Sincerity
 - Excitement
 - Competence
 - Sophistication
 - Ruggedness



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (14 of 20)

- Motivation
- Perception
- Learning
- Beliefs and attitudes





Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (15 of 20)

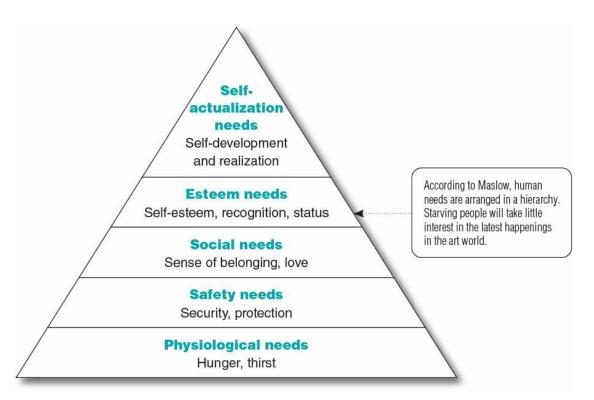
- A motive (or drive) is a need that is sufficiently pressing to direct the person to seek satisfaction of the need.
- Motivation research refers to qualitative research designed to probe consumers' hidden, subconscious motivations.



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (16 of 20)

Psychological Factors

Figure 5.4 Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs





Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (17 of 20)

Psychological Factors

 Perception is the process by which people select, organize, and interpret information to form a meaningful picture of the world.

Perceptual Processes

- Selective attention
- Selective distortion
- Selective retention



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (18 of 20)

- Selective attention is the tendency for people to screen out most of the information to which they are exposed.
- Selective distortion is the tendency for people to interpret information in a way that will support what they already believe
- Selective retention is the tendency to remember good points made about a brand they favor and forget good points about competing brands.



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (19 of 20)

- Learning is the change in an individual's behavior arising from experience and occurs through the interplay of:
 - Drives
 - Stimuli
 - Cues
 - Responses
 - Reinforcement



Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior (20 of 20)

- A belief is a descriptive thought that a person has about something based on:
 - knowledge
 - opinion
 - faith
- An attitude describes a person's relatively consistent evaluations, feelings, and tendencies toward an object or idea.



Learning Objective 5.2 (2 of 2)

 Name the four major factors that influence consumer buyer behavior.

Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior



Learning Objective 5.3 (1 of 2)

 List and define the major types of buying decision behavior and the stages in the buyer decision process.

Types of Buying Decision Behavior
The Buyer Decision Process



Types of Buying Decision Behavior (1 of 2)

- Complex buying behavior
- Dissonance-reducing buying behavior
- Habitual buying behavior
- Variety-seeking buying behavior



Types of Buying Decision Behavior (2 of 2)

Figure 5.5 Four Types of Buying Behavior

Significant differences between brands

> Few differences between brands

| High inv | olvement | Low involvement |
|--|------------------------|--|
| buy | nplex /ing avior | Variety- seeking buying behavior |
| Dissonance- reducing buying behavior | | Habitual buying behavior |



The Buyer Decision Process (1 of 7)

Figure 5.6 Buyer Decision Process





The Buyer Decision Process (2 of 7)

Need Recognition

- Need recognition is the first stage of the buyer decision process, in which the consumer recognizes a problem or need triggered by:
 - Internal stimuli
 - External stimuli



The Buyer Decision Process (3 of 7)

Information Search

 Information search is the stage of the buyer decision process in which the consumer is motivated to search for more information.

Sources of information:

- Personal sources
- Commercial sources
- Public sources
- Experiential sources



The Buyer Decision Process (4 of 7)

Evaluation of Alternatives

 Alternative evaluation is the stage of the buyer decision process in which the consumer uses information to evaluate alternative brands in the choice set.



The Buyer Decision Process (5 of 7)

- Purchase Decision
 - Purchase decision is the buyer's decision about which brand to purchase.
- The purchase intention may not be the purchase decision due to:
 - Attitudes of others
 - Unexpected situational factors



The Buyer Decision Process (6 of 7)

Postpurchase Behavior

 Postpurchase behavior is the stage of the buyer decision process in which consumers take further action after purchase, based on their satisfaction or dissatisfaction.



The Buyer Decision Process (7 of 7)

Postpurchase Behavior

 Cognitive dissonance is buyer discomfort caused by postpurchase conflict.





Learning Objective 5.3 (2 of 2)

 List and define the major types of buying decision behavior and the stages in the buyer decision process.

Types of Buying Decision Behavior
The Buyer Decision Process



Learning Objective 5.4 (1 of 2)

Describe the adoption and diffusion process for new products.

The Buyer Decision Process for New Products



The Buyer Decision Process for New Products (1 of 4)

The **adoption process** is the mental process an individual goes through from first learning about an innovation to final regular use.

Stages in the adoption process include:

- Awareness
- Interest
- Evaluation
- Trial
- Adoption



The Buyer Decision Process for New Products (2 of 4)

Individual Differences in Innovativeness

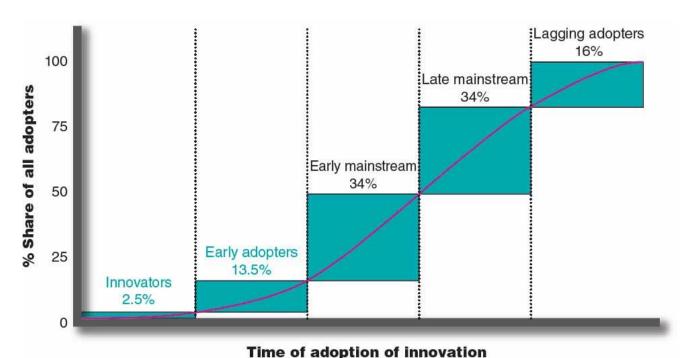
- Innovators
- Early Adopters
- Early Mainstream
- Late Mainstream
- Lagging Adopters



The Buyer Decision Process for New Products (3 of 4)

Individual Differences in Innovativeness

Figure 5.7 Adopter Categories Based on Relative Time of Adoption of Innovations





The Buyer Decision Process for New Products (4 of 4)

Influence of Product Characteristics on Rate of Adoption

- Relative advantage
- Compatibility
- Complexity
- Divisibility
- Communicability



Learning Objective 5.4 (2 of 2)

 Describe the adoption and diffusion process for new products.

The Buyer Decision Process for New Products



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