Chapter 7.1, Problem 24E

Problem

If b and y are positive real numbers such that $\log b y = 2$, what is $\log b 2 (y)$? Why?

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 1

Assume that, *b* and *y* are positive real numbers such that,

 $\log_b y = 2.$

 $\log_b y = 2$

 $b^2 = y$ By the definition of logarithm

Squaring on both sides, obtained as,

$$\left(b^2\right)^2 = y^2$$

Tale, \log_{b^2} on both sides, obtained as,

$$\log_{b^{2}} (b^{2})^{2} = \log_{b^{2}} y^{2}$$
$$2 \log_{b^{2}} (b^{2}) = \log_{b^{2}} y^{2}$$
$$\log_{(b^{2})} y^{2} = 2$$
$$2 \log_{(b^{2})} y = 2$$

Therefore,

$$\log_{(b^2)} y = 1.$$

Because, by the definition of logarithm, it can be derived that,

If $\log_b x = n$, then,

 $\log_{b^s} x = 1.$

STUDENTS-HUB.com