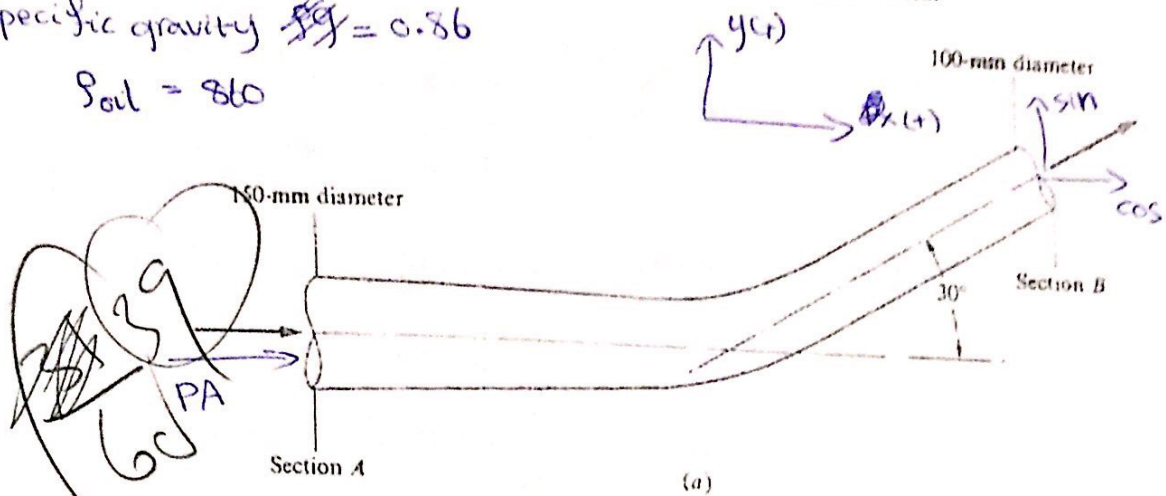


December 3rd 2017.

Problem 1 (30 Points): (c)

The pipe bend shown in the figure below is in a horizontal plane. Oil with a specific gravity of 0.86 enters the reducing bend at section A with a velocity of 3.2 m/s and a pressure of 150 kPa. Determine the force required to hold the bend in place assuming no energy is lost in the bend.

specific gravity $\rho_{oil} = 0.86$
 $\rho_{oil} = 860$



$V_A = 3.2$

$d_A = \frac{150}{1000} = 0.15 \text{ m}$

$A_A = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.15)^2$

$P = 150 \text{ kPa}$

no energy lost in the bend

$Q_1 = Q_2$
 $Q_1 = V_1 A_1 = 3.2 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right) (0.15)^2 = 0.5655 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

$Q_2 = Q_1 = V_2 A_2$
 $0.5655 = V_2 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right) (0.1)^2 = 7.2 \text{ m/s}$

$\Sigma F_x = (\dot{m}v)_{out} - (\dot{m}v)_{in}$

$\Sigma F_x = \dot{m} V_2 \cos 30^\circ - \dot{m} V_1$

$\Sigma F_x = (\dot{m}) (7.2 \cos 30^\circ - 3.2)$

$\Sigma F_x = 860 (3.92 \cos 30^\circ - 7.2)$

$\Sigma F_x = 1860 (0.55) (-4.45)$

$\Sigma F_y = (\dot{m}v)_{out} - (\dot{m}v)_{in}$

$\Sigma F_y = \dot{m} V_2 \sin 30^\circ$

$F_y = \rho Q V_2 \sin 30^\circ$

$F_y = (860)(0.5655)(7.2)(0.5)$

$= 175.1$

Problem 2(30 Points): (e)

A horizontal Y fitting in the figure below splits Q into two equal flow rates. At section 1 $Q = 4 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$ and $P_1 = 20 \text{ psig}$. Ignoring any losses, compute P_2 and P_3 .

62.4 lb/ft^3

32.2

$12 \text{ in} = 1 \text{ ft}$

$A_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} (6)^2$
 $= 28.3 \text{ in}^2$

$A_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} (4)^2$
 $= 12.6 \text{ in}^2$

$A_3 = \frac{\pi}{4} (3)^2$
 $= 7.1 \text{ in}^2$

$V_2 = V_3$

$Q_1 = Q_2 + Q_3$
 $V_1 A_1 = V_2 A_2 + V_3 A_3$

$Q_1 = Q_2 + Q_3$
 $Q_1 = \frac{1}{2} Q_1 + \frac{1}{2} Q_1$

$Q_2 = Q_3 = \frac{1}{2} Q_1$

$Q_2 = \frac{1}{2} V_1 A_1$

$Q_2 = 14.15 V_1$

$V_2 A_1 = 14.15 V_1$

$V_2 = 1.12 V_1$

$Q_3 = \frac{1}{2} V_1 A_1$

$\frac{V_3 A_3}{7.1} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{V_1 (28.3)}{7.1}$

$V_3 = 1.99 V_1$

$Q = \frac{4 \text{ ft}^3}{\text{s}} \times \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}}$

$Q = 6912 \text{ in}^3/\text{s}$

$6912 = V_1 (28.3)$

$V_1 = 244.24 \text{ in/s}$

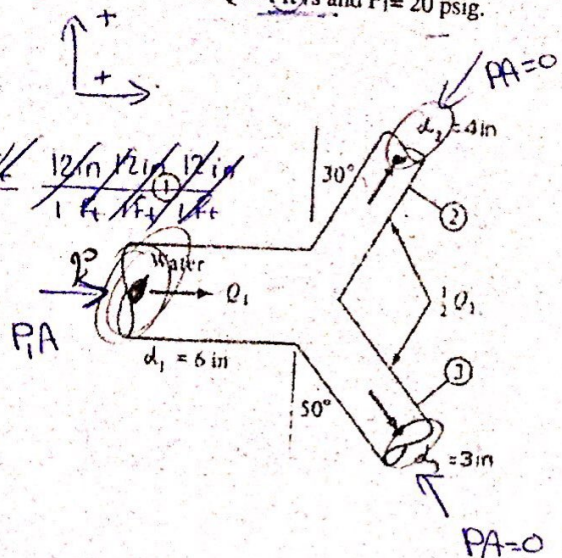
$V_2 = 273.55 \text{ in/s}$

$V_3 =$

Good Luck!!!!!!

$\sum F_x = (\dot{m}_2 \cos 30 + \dot{m}_3 \cos 50) - (\dot{m}_1 V_1)$

$\sum F = \dot{m}_2 V_2 \sin 30 + \dot{m}_3 V_3 \sin 50$



$20 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^2} \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}}$
 $= 2880 \text{ lb/ft}^2$